

City of Jacksonville, Florida

Donna Deegan, Mayor

City Hall at St. James 117 W. Duval St. Jacksonville, FL 32203 (904) 630-CITY www.Jacksonville.gov

March 7, 2024

The Honorable Ronald B. Salem, Pharm. D., President The Honorable Kevin Carrico, LUZ Chair And Members of the City Council 117 West Duval Street Jacksonville, FL 32202

RE: Planning Commission Advisory Report / Ordinance No. 2024-096/Application No. L-5843-23C

Dear Honorable Council President Salem, Honorable Council Member and LUZ Chairman Carrico and Honorable Members of the City Council:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 650.405 Planning Commission Advisory Recommendation and Public Hearing, the Planning Commission APPROVED Ordinance 2024-096 on March 7, 2024.

P&DD Recommendation **APPROVE**

PC Issues: Seven citizens provided comments regarding the proposed amendment, with one in support and six in opposition. The opposition expressed concerns about existing and new traffic, speeding, drainage, density, crime, long police response times, pedestrian safety, and the potential for short

term rentals.

The Planning Commission discussion focused on the minimal impact that the additional dwelling units would have on traffic in the general area and that crime and speeding traffic are not addressed in the amendment

process.

Planning Commission Report March 7, 2024 Page 2

PC Vote: 6-1 APPROVE

Charles Garrison, Chair Aye **Lamonte Carter** Aye Amy Yimin Fu Aye Julius Harden Absent Moné Holder Nay Ali Marar Aye Michael McGowan Aye Jack Meeks Aye Tina Meskel Absent

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Kristen D. Reed, AICP

Knisten D. Reed

Chief of Community Planning Division

City of Jacksonville - Planning and Development Department 214 North Hogan Street, Suite 300 Jacksonville, FL 32202 (904) 255-7837

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Report of the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department

Small-Scale Future Land Use Map Amendment - March 1, 2024

Ordinance/Application No.: 2024-096 / L-5843-23C

Property Location: 2512, 2458, and 0 Dean Road and 0 Bennett Road,

between Terry Road and Bennett Road

Real Estate Number(s): 138573-0000, 138573-0100, 138577-0000, and

138579-0020

Property Acreage: 6.41

Planning District: District 3, Southeast

City Council District: District 4

Applicant: Paul Harden, Esquire

Current Land Use: Low Density Residential (LDR)

Proposed Land Use: Medium Density Residential (MDR)

Current Zoning: Residential Low Density-60 (RLD-60)

Proposed Zoning: Planned Unit Development (PUD)

Development Boundary: Urban Area

RECOMMENDATION: APPROVE

APPLICANT'S JUSTIFICATION FOR THE LAND USE MAP AMENDMENT

To develop multi-family residential.

BACKGROUND

The 6.41 acre subject site is located along the west side of Dean Road, a collector road, between Bennett Road and Terry Road, both unclassified roads. The site consists of four parcels that contain a single family residence. The applicant is proposing a Future Land Use Map (FLUM) amendment from Low Density Residential (LDR) to Medium Density Residential (MDR) to allow for general multi-family development. The applicant is also proposing a companion rezoning from Residential Low Density-60 (RLD-60) to Planned Unit Development (PUD). The companion rezoning application, which is pending concurrently with this application, pursuant to Ordinance 2024-097.

The adjacent land use categories, zoning districts and property uses are as follows:

North: Land Use: Low Density Residential (LDR)

Zoning: Residential Low Density-60 (RLD-60)

Property Use: Single-family

South: Land Use: LDR, Residential Professional Institutional (RPI)

Zoning: RLD-60, Commercial Residential Office (CRO)

Property Use: Single family, Multi-family, Lodge, Church, Nursing home

East: Land Use: LDR

Zoning: RLD-60

Property Use: Single-family

West: Land Use: LDR Zoning: RLD-60

Property Use: Single-family

IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Potential impacts of a proposed land use map amendment have been analyzed by comparing the Development Impact Standards for the subject site's existing vs. proposed land use categories unless maximum density/intensity is noted on the Annotated FLUM or is in a site specific policy. Development Impact Standards are detailed in FLUE Policy 1.2.16, *Development Standards for Impact Assessment*. These standards produce development potentials as shown in this section.

Impact Assessment Baseline Review

Development Analysis		
Development Boundary	Urban Area	
Roadway Frontage Classification / State Road	Collector / No	
Plans and/or Studies	Southeast Vision Plan	1
Site Utilization	Current: Single family	Proposed: Multi-family residential
Land Use / Zoning	Current: LDR / RLD-60	Proposed: MDR / PUD
Development Standards for Impact Assessment	Current: 5 DUs/Acre	Proposed: 15 DUs/Acre
Development Potential	Current: 32 DUs	Proposed: 96 DUs
Net Increase or Decrease in Maximum Density	Increase of 64 Dwelli	ng Units
Net Increase or Decrease in Potential Floor Area	Not applicable	

Population Potential	Current:	Proposed:
	85 people	225 people
Special Designation Areas		
Aquatic Preserve	No	
Evacuation Zone	No	
Airport Environment Zone	500' height – NAS J	ax
Industrial Preservation Area	No	
Cultural Resources	No	
Archaeological Sensitivity	Low and high	
Historic District	No	
Coastal High Hazard Area	No	
Adaptation Action Area	No	
Groundwater Aquifer Recharge Area	No	
Wellhead Protection Zone	No	
Boat Facility Siting Zone	No	
Brownfield	No	
Public Facilities	'	
Potential Roadway Impact	345 net new daily t	rips
Potential Public School Impact	23 students	
Water Provider	JEA	
Potential Water Impact	Increase of 14,048	gallons per day
Sewer Provider	JEA	
Potential Sewer Impact	Increase of 10,536	gallons per day
Potential Solid Waste Impact	Increase of 166 ton	
Drainage Basin/Sub-basin	Arlington River / Ur	nnamed Ditches
Recreation and Parks	Adolph Wurn Park	
Mass Transit Access	No	
Natural Features		
Elevations	21-25 feet	
Land Cover	1100- Residential L	ow Density
Soils	38- Mascotte Fine S 51- Pelham Fine Sa	
Flood Zones	No No	nu .
Wetlands	No	

Development Analysis	
Wildlife (applicable to sites greater than 50 acres)	N/A

Utility Capacity

The calculations to determine the water and sewer flows contained in this report and/or this spreadsheet have been established by the City of Jacksonville Planning and Development Department and have been adopted by JEA solely for the purpose of preparing this report and/or this spreadsheet. The method of calculating water and sewer flows in order to properly size infrastructure shall continue to be based on JEA's Water, Sewer and Reuse for New Development Projects document (latest edition).

The applicant has provided a JEA Availability Letter, dated June 5, 2023, as part of the companion rezoning application. According to the letter, the site has access to both water and sewer mains located along Dean Road.

Future Land Use Element

Policy 1.2.8

Require new development and redevelopment in the Central Business District (CBD), Urban Priority Area (UPA), Urban Area (UA), and Suburban Area (SA) to be served by centralized wastewater collection and potable water distribution systems when centralized service is available to the site.

Development on sites located within the UPA, UA and SA are permitted where connections to centralized potable water and/or wastewater are not available subject to compliance the following provisions:

- 1. Single family/non-residential (estimated flows of 600 gpd or less) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not available through gravity service via a facility within a right-of-way or easement which abuts the property.
- 2. Non-residential (above 600 gpd) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not within 50 feet of the property.
- 3. Subdivision (non-residential and residential) where:
- a. The collection system of a regional utility company is greater than 1/4 mile from the proposed subdivision.
- b. Each lot is a minimum of $\frac{1}{2}$ acre unsubmerged property.
- c. Installation of dryline sewer systems shall be installed when programmed improvements are identified in the Capital Improvements Element which will make connections the JEA Collection Systems available within a five (5) year period.

Transportation

The subject site is 6.41 acres and is accessible from Dean Rd, a collector facility. The proposed land use amendment is located within the Urban Development Area and Mobility Zone 8. The applicant proposes to change the existing land use from Low Density Residential (LDR) to Medium Density Residential (MDR).

Comprehensive Plan Consistency:

The Trip Generation Analysis is consistent with the most recent version of the Transportation Element (TE) of the City of Jacksonville Comprehensive Plan (TE Objective 2.4 and Policies 1.2.1 and 2.4.2).

Transportation Element

- Policy 1.2.1 The City shall use the Institute of Transportation Engineers *Trip Generation Manual*, latest edition, to determine the number of trips to be produced or attracted to a particular land use when assessing a traffic impact.
- Objective 2.4 The City shall coordinate the mobility circulation system with the future land uses shown on the Future Land Use Map series in order to ensure that roads, road improvements and other mobility alternative improvements are provided as necessary to support development in an economically efficient and environmentally sound manner.
- Policy 2.4.2 The City shall amend the adopted Comprehensive Plan to incorporate the data and analysis generated by a periodic regional transportation model and study and facilitate the implementation of the study recommendations.

Trip Generation Estimation:

Table A provides the daily trip generation comparison between the current and proposed comprehensive plan land uses and the potential transportation impacts on the roadway network. The current land use may result in 302 daily trips. If the land use is amended to allow for this proposed MDR development, this could result in 647 daily trips.

Transportation Planning Division RECOMMENDS the following:

The difference in daily trips for the proposed land use amendment will result in 345 net new daily trips when compared to the existing land use. The Transportation Planning Division recommends ongoing coordinating efforts with the City of Jacksonville Traffic Engineer to determine if a traffic operational analysis is needed.

Table A
Trip Generation Estimation Scenarios

Existing Land Use-Scenario	ITE Land Use Code	Potential Number of Units	Estimation Method	Gross Trips	Less Pass-By Trips	Daily Trips
LDR	210	32 SF DUs	T = 9.43(X)	302	0	302
				Existing	Scenario	302
Proposed Land Use-Scenario	ITE Land Use Code	Potential Number of Units	Estimation Method	Gross Trips	Less Pass-By Trips	Daily Trips
MDR	220	96 MF DUs	T = 6.74(X)	647	0	647
				Propose	d Scenario	647
				Difference	e in Daily Trips	345

Source: Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition, Institute of Engineers

School Capacity

Based on the impact assessment standards detailed in FLUE Policy 1.2.16, the 6.41 acre proposed land use map amendment has a development potential of 96 dwelling units. The proposed development was analyzed in accordance with the adopted level of service standards (LOS) for school capacity as established in the Interlocal Agreement (ILA) and the Public Schools and Facilities Element. The ILA was entered into in coordination with the Duval County Public School System (DCPS) and the other municipalities within Duval County.

School concurrency LOS is the methodology used to analyze and to determine whether there is adequate school capacity for each school type (elementary, middle, and high school) to accommodate a proposed development. The LOS (105% of permanent capacity) is based on Concurrency Service Areas (CSAs), not the closest school in the area for elementary, middle and high schools, as well as on other standards set forth in the City of Jacksonville School Concurrency Ordinance.

In evaluating the proposed residential development for school concurrency, the following results were documented:

Analysis based on maximum dwelling units: NOTES: Student Distribution Rate Proposed Development's Concurrenty Service Area (CSA) HS-.074 MS-051 ES-,125 Application Review Request: School Type Elementary Middle High Proposed Name: Requested By: Reviewed By: Due: 96 Sam Roberts W. Randall Gallup 2/8/2024 L-5843-23C Dean Rd COJ PDD: School Impact Analysis CSA¹ w w 2023-24 Enrollment/CSA 5.510 3,690 924 Total New Students Current
Utilization (%) 76% 82% 72% Development* New Student/ 23 12 5-Year Iltilization
(%) 71% 90% 76% **Available Seats** CSA³ 609 148 774 Available Seats -Adjacent CSA 4&5 2.833 1,219 1,051

The Student Distribution Rate is calculated for each school type by dividing the total number of public school students enrolled in that school type in Duval County (104,757) by the number of total permitted housing units (418,708) for the same year, generating a yield of 0,250.

Available CSA seats include current reservations

The available seats in the CSA and adjacent CSAs include concurrency reservations.

The analysis of the proposed residential development does not reveal any deficiency for school capacity within the CSA.

Public School Facilities Element

- Policy 2.3.2 The City will coordinate with DCPS to establish plan review procedures to manage the timing of Future Land Use Map amendments and other land use decisions so that these decisions coordinate with adequate school capacity.
- Policy 2.3.3 The City will take into consideration the DCPS comments and findings on the availability of adequate school capacity in the evaluation of comprehensive plan amendments, and other land use decisions as provided in Section 163.3177(6)(a), F.S. and development of regional impacts as provided in 1380.06, F.S
- Objective 3.1 Adopted Level of Service (LOS) Standards

Through the implementation of its concurrency management systems and in coordination with the DCPS, the City shall ensure that the capacity of schools is sufficient to support new residential developments at the adopted level of service (LOS) standards within the period covered in the five-year schedule of capital improvements and the long range planning period. These standards shall be consistent with the Interlocal Agreement agreed upon by the DCPS, the City and the other municipalities. Minor deviations to the LOS standards may occur, so long as they are limited, temporary and with scheduled capacity improvements, school capacity is maximized to the greatest extent feasible.

Policy 3.1.1 The LOS standards set forth herein shall be applied consistently for the purpose of implementing school concurrency, including determining whether sufficient school capacity exists to accommodate a particular development application, and determining the financial feasibility of DCPS Five-Year Capital Facilities Plan and the City's Capital Improvement Plan.

<u>Supplemental School Information:</u>

The following additional information regarding the capacity of the assigned neighborhood schools was provided by the Duval County School Board. This is not based on criteria utilized by the City of Jacksonville School Concurrency Ordinance. Note that the percentage occupied may not appear correct due to EE space requirements.

Application Keview Request: CUJ PDD: Baseline Checklist Review
Proposed Name: L-5843-23C Dean Rd
Recuested Rv. Sam Roberts

Analysis based on maximum dwelling units: 96 SCHOOL Greenfield #222	//2024 G	STUDENTS GENERATED (Rounded) ²	SCHOOL CAPACITY ³ (Permanent/Portables)	CURRENT ENROLLMENT 20-Day Count (2023/24)	% ОСС ИРІН О 97%
SCIIOOL ¹	CSA	STUDENTS GENERATED (Rounded) ²	SCHOOL CAPACITY ³ (Permanent/Portables)	CURRENT ENROLLMENT 20-Day Count (2023/24)	% OCCUPIED
Greenfield #222	3	12	592	575	97%
Southside #211	3	4	988	828	84%
Englewood #90	3	7	1879	1776	95%
		23			

NOTES:

ES.125
MS-.051
HS .074
0.250
e Student Distribution Rate is call permitted housing units (418)

³ Does not include ESE & room exclusions

The Student Distribution Rate is calculated for each school type by dividing the total number of public school students enrolled in that school type in Duval County (104,757) by the number of total permitted housing units (418,708) for the same year, generating a yield of 0.250.

¹ Attendance school may not be in proposed development's Concurrency Service Area (CSA).

² Student Distribution Rate ES.125

Archaeological Sensitivity

According to the Duval County Archaeological Predictive Model, the subject property is located within an area of low and high for the presence of archaeological resources. Projects that move forward through the Site Review process may be required to perform a Professional Archaeological Reconnaissance Survey on the portion of the site that is in a high sensitivity area. If archaeological resources are found during future development/redevelopment of the site, Section 654.122 of the Code of Subdivision Regulations should be followed.

Historic Preservation Element

- Policy 1.2.2 The City shall continue to review new development for the potential of archeologically significant sites. The City shall utilize the most current version of the Archeological Sensitivity Predictive Model to identify areas of high probability for artifact concentrations.
- Policy 1.2.5 The Planning and Development Department shall maintain and update for planning and permitting purposes, a series of GIS data layers and maps depicting recorded archaeological sites, historic districts and local landmarks.

Airport Environment Zone

The site is located within the 500-foot Height and Hazard Zone for the Jacksonville Naval Air Station (NAS-Jax). Zoning will limit development to a maximum height of 500 feet, unless approved by the Jacksonville Aviation Authority or the Federal Aviation Administration. Uses located within the Height and Hazard Zone must not create or increase the potential for such hazards as electronic interference, light glare, bird strike hazards or other potential hazards to safe navigation of aircraft as required by Section 656.1005.1(d).

Future Land Use Element

- Objective 2.6 Support and strengthen the role of Jacksonville Aviation Authority (JAA) and the United States Military in the local community, and recognize the unique requirements of the City's other airports (civilian and military) by requiring that all adjacent development be compatible with aviation-related activities in accordance with the requirements of Section 163.3177, F.S.
- Policy 2.6.16 Airport Height and Hazard zones (HH) exist around all military and civilian airports within the city limits of Jacksonville. The horizontal limits of the zones and limitations on heights of obstructions within these zones are defined for each military airport in Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC) P-80.3 01/82, on file with the Planning and Development Department, and for each civilian airport in Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 77 guidelines, on file with the Planning and Development Department. In order to assure that Title 14, CFR, Part 77 guidelines and NAVFAC P-80.3 01/82 guidelines are not

exceeded and that no structure or obstruction is permitted that would raise a minimal obstruction clearance altitude, a minimum vectoring descent altitude or a decision height, all cell towers and any structure or obstruction that would extend into an Airport (HH) requires, in writing, comment from the U.S. Navy. Although written documentation from the U.S. Navy for military HH and from the FAA or JAA for civilian HH is not required for proposed structure heights below the listed height, United States Code (USC) Title 14, CFR Part 77 still applies.

PROCEDURAL COMPLIANCE

Upon site inspection by the Planning and Development Department on February 13, 2024, the required notices of public hearing signs were posted. Eighty-eight (88) notices were mailed out to adjoining property owners informing them of the proposed land use change and pertinent public hearing and meeting dates.

The Citizen Information Meeting was held on February 20, 2024. Three members of the public attended to speak on the proposed amendment. Their concerns included what kind of residential would be built on site, number of units, traffic impacts, and construction materials.

CONSISTENCY EVALUATION

Consistency with 2045 Comprehensive Plan Goals, Objectives and Policies

Future Land Use Element (FLUE)

Development Area

Urban Area (UA): The UA is the second tier Development Area and generally corresponds with the densely developed portions of the City that have been in residential or employment generating uses prior to consolidation. It also includes major corridors which connect the other Development Areas. Similar to the UPA, the intent of the UA is to encourage revitalization and the use of existing infrastructure through redevelopment and infill development, but at moderate urban densities which are transit friendly. Also similar to the UPA, the UA is intended to support multi-modal transportation and the reduction of per capita greenhouse gas emissions and vehicle miles traveled. Development is encouraged to employ urban development characteristics as defined in this Plan.

Goal 1

To ensure that the character and location of land uses optimize the combined potentials for economic benefit, enjoyment, wellness and protection of natural resources, while minimizing the threat to health, safety and welfare posed by hazards, nuisances, incompatible land uses and environmental degradation.

Policy 1.1.21 Rezonings and amendments to the Future Land Use Map series (FLUMs) shall include consideration of their potential to further the goal

of meeting or exceeding the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth and the projected population and to allow for the operation of real estate markets to provide adequate choices for permanent and seasonal residents and business with the intent that this balance of uses shall:

- A. Foster vibrant, viable communities and economic development opportunities;
- B. Address outdated development patterns; and/or
- C. Provide sufficient land for future uses that allow for the operation of real estate markets to provide adequate choices for permanent and seasonal residents and businesses and is not limited solely by the projected population.

The projected growth needs and population projections must be based on relevant and appropriate data which is collected pursuant to a professionally acceptable methodology. In considering the growth needs and the allocation of land, the City shall also evaluate land use need based on the characteristics and land development pattern of localized areas. Land use need identifiers include but may not be limited to, proximity to compatible uses, development scale, site limitations, and the likelihood of furthering growth management and mobility goals.

- Policy 1.1.22 Future development orders, development permits and plan amendments shall maintain compact and compatible land use patterns, maintain an increasingly efficient urban service delivery system and discourage urban sprawl as described in the Development Areas and the Plan Category Descriptions of the Operative Provisions.
- Policy 1.2.8 Require new development and redevelopment in the Central Business District (CBD), Urban Priority Area (UPA), Urban Area (UA), and Suburban Area (SA) to be served by centralized wastewater collection and potable water distribution systems when centralized service is available to the site.

Development on sites located within the UPA, UA and SA are permitted where connections to centralized potable water and/or wastewater are not available subject to compliance the following provisions:

1. Single family/non-residential (estimated flows of 600 gpd or less) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not

- available through gravity service via a facility within a right-of-way or easement which abuts the property.
- 2. Non-residential (above 600 gpd) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not within 50 feet of the property.
- 3. Subdivision (non-residential and residential) where:
- a. The collection system of a regional utility company is greater than 1/4 mile from the proposed subdivision.
- b. Each lot is a minimum of ½ acre unsubmerged property.
- c. Installation of dryline sewer systems shall be installed when programmed improvements are identified in the Capital Improvements Element which will make connections the JEA Collection Systems available within a five (5) year period.
- Objective 1.6 The City shall accommodate growth in Jacksonville by encouraging and facilitating new infill development and redevelopment on vacant, bypassed and underutilized land within areas that already have infrastructure, utilities, and public facilities, while addressing the needs of City residents.
- Goal 3 To achieve a well-balanced and organized combination of residential, non-residential, recreational and public uses served by a convenient and efficient transportation network, while protecting and preserving the fabric and character of the City's neighborhoods and enhancing the viability of non-residential areas.
- Policy 3.1.5 The City shall provide opportunities for development of a wide variety of housing types by area, consistent with the housing needs characteristics and socioeconomic profiles of the City's households as described in the Housing Element.
- Policy 3.1.12 The City shall, through Land Development Regulations, require higher density residential development and supporting commercial facilities to locate on major arterial or collector roads used for mass transit routes, and in proximity to major employment areas in order to ensure the efficient use of land, public facilities, and services, and transportation corridors.

Property Rights Element (PRE)

Goal 1 The City will recognize and respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights in accordance with the Community Planning Act established in Chapter 163, Florida Statues.

- Objective 1.1 Local decision making shall be implemented and applied with sensitivity for private property rights and shall not be unduly restrictive.
- Policy 1.1.1 The City will ensure that private property rights are considered in local decision making.
- Policy 1.1.2 The following rights shall be considered in local decision making:
 - 1. The right of a property owner to physically possess and control his or her interests in the property, including easements, leases, or mineral rights.
 - 2. The right of a property owner to use, maintain, develop, and improve his or her property for personal use or for the use of any other person, subject to state law and local ordinances.
 - 3. The right of the property owner to privacy and to exclude others from the property to protect the owner's possessions and property.
 - 4. The right of a property owner to dispose of his or her property through sale or gift.

According to the Future Land Use Element (FLUE), Low Density Residential (LDR) is a category intended to provide for low density residential development. Generally, singlefamily detached housing should be the predominant development typology in this category. Mixed use developments utilizing the Traditional Neighborhood Development (TND) concept, which is predominantly residential but includes a broad mixture of secondary recreational, commercial, public facilities and services may also be permitted. New residential subdivisions in LDR should be designed in such a way as to reduce the number of Vehicles Miles Traveled, and cul-de-sacs should be avoided. Density, location and mix of uses shall be pursuant to the Development Areas as set forth herein. The maximum gross density in the Urban Area shall be 7 units/acre when centralized potable water and wastewater services are available to the site and there shall be no minimum density; except as provided herein. The maximum gross density shall be 4 units/acre and the minimum lot size shall be \(\frac{1}{4} \) of an acre if either one of centralized potable water or wastewater services are not available. The maximum gross density shall be 2 units/acre and the minimum lot size shall be half an acre when both centralized potable water and wastewater are not available.

Medium Density Residential (MDR) is a category intended to provide compact medium to high density residential development and can serve as transitional uses between low density residential uses and higher density residential uses, commercial uses and public and semi-public use areas. Multi-family housing such as apartments, condominiums, townhomes and rowhouses should be the predominant development typologies in this category. Plan amendment requests for new MDR designations are preferred in locations which are supplied with full urban services and in locations which serve as a transition between commercial and residential land uses. Development within the category should be compact and connected and should support multi-modal transportation. Mixed use developments utilizing the Traditional Neighborhood Development (TND) concept and

Transit Oriented Development (TOD) are permitted. All uses should be designed in a manner which emphasizes the use of transit, bicycle, and pedestrian mobility, ease of access between neighboring uses, and compatibility with adjacent residential neighborhoods. The maximum gross density in the Urban Area shall be 30 units/acre when the site does not abut land in LDR or RR; except for sites within the Coastal High Hazard Area (CHHA) where the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre, unless appropriate mitigation is provided consistent with the City's CHHA policies. When the site abuts LDR or RR, the maximum gross density shall be 20 units/acre and the minimum gross density shall be greater than 7 units/acre. In the absence of the availability of centralized potable water and/or wastewater, the maximum gross density of development permitted in this category shall be the same as allowed in Low Density Residential (LDR) without such services.

The applicant is proposing a change from LDR to MDR to allow for residential development. While the site is adjacent to Low Density Residential designated land, it also fronts a collector road, Dean Road. Residential Professional Institutional (RPI) designated land is located approximately 350 feet south of the subject site, on the west side of Dean Road. The RPI uses include a denser residential development pattern, including multi-family uses. The proposed change to MDR would be consistent with the nearby RPI uses. The companion PUD rezoning would allow for a density of up to 77 Dwelling Units, which is approximately 12 units per acre. The density proposed by the companion PUD would provide an appropriate transition to maintain compatibility with the surrounding single family. Additionally, the amendment would allow for redevelopment of an underutilized parcel, located along a collector road consistent with FLUE Goals 1 and 3, and Policies 1.1.21, 1.1.22, and 3.1.12.

The applicant has provided a JEA Availability Letter, dated June 5, 2023, as part of the companion rezoning application. According to the letter, the site has access to both water and sewer mains located along Dean Road. The site will be required to connect pursuant to FLUE Policy 1.2.8.

The proposed small-scale amendment would increase the amount and diversity of housing stock to further meet the goal of meeting or exceeding the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth. Additionally, the property is underutilized land and is considered infill redevelopment. Thus, the proposed amendment is consistent with FLUE Objective 1.6 and Policies 1.1.21 and 3.1.5.

The proposed amendment does not hinder the private property rights of the owner of record; has no impact on the right of the property owner to possess or control his or her interest in the property; maintains the owner's ability to use, maintain, develop and improve the property; protects the owner's right to privacy and security; and maintains the ability of the property owner to dispose of the property at their discretion. Therefore, the amendment is consistent with PRE Goal 1, Objective 1.1 and Policies 1.1.1 and 1.1.2.

Vision Plan

The subject property is located within the boundaries of the Southeast Jacksonville Vision Plan. While the plan does not specifically mention the location of the subject site, the amendment to MDR would allow for the redevelopment of an underutilized parcel, in lieu of developing on undeveloped land and allow for a wider variety of housing options in the area. Principle 2.1 of the Vision Plan is to provide for and promote compatible mixed-use development, infill and redevelopment in stable and declining areas and create a range of housing opportunities and choices, where appropriate. The proposed amendment is therefore consistent with the Southeast Jacksonville Vision Plan.

Strategic Regional Policy Plan

The proposed amendment is consistent with the following Goal of the Strategic Regional Policy Plan:

Goal: A safe, sanitary, efficient and resilient housing supply that provides lifestyle choice (agricultural, rural, suburban, and urban) and affordable options for all income, age and ability groups, equitably placed in vibrant, viable and accessible communities throughout the region.

The proposed land use amendment would increase opportunities for residential development, providing a wider range of housing in the northeast Florida region and create a location for the development of new housing stock for the area. Therefore, the proposed amendment is consistent with the Strategic Regional Policy Plan.

LAND USE AMENDMENT FIELD / LOCATION / CURRENT LAND USE MAP

