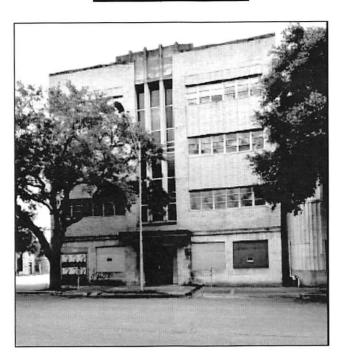
# First Baptist Church Youth Building 211 West Ashley Street LM-22-02 City of Jacksonville Landmark Designation

### **January 26, 2022**





Application Prepared By:
Rachel Consolloy, Rosin Preservation
1712 Holmes Street
Kansas City, MO 64108

Property Owner: EJPC LLC Kansas City, MO

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I.

## PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT - FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## REPORT OF THE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT APPLICATION FOR DESIGNATION AS A CITY OF JACKSONVILLE LANDMARK

#### LM-22-02 First Baptist Church Youth Building 211 West Ashley Street

GENERAL LOCATION: The north side of the 200 block of West Ashley Street

between North Hogan Street and North Julia Street in

Downtown Jacksonville.

Prepared in accordance with the JACKSONVILLE ORDINANCE CODE, SECTION 307.104, the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department hereby forwards to the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission, its "Findings, Conclusions and Recommendations" on the Landmark Designation, <u>LM-22-2</u>, the First Baptist Church Youth Building, sponsored by Rosin Preservation, 1712 Holmes Street, Kansas City, MO, 64108, agent for the property owner, EJPC LLC, P.O. BOX 10750, Kansas City, MO, 64188.

#### FINDINGS AND CONCLUSIONS

- (A) Consistent with the JACKSONVILLE ORDINANCE CODE, SECTION 307.104, the landmark designation application for 211West Ashley Street, was found to be complete by the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department.
- (B) As required, the Planning and Development Department had signs posted in front of the property being considered for designation, as well as sent notices by U.S. Mail to each owner of real property within three hundred and fifty (350) feet of the proposed site. Notice of the public hearing on the designation of the property at 211 West Ashley Street as a Landmark was published in the *Financial News and Daily Record*. Proof of publication is attached to this report.
- (C) Once designated, any activity affecting the exterior of the building and site of the proposed landmark at 211 West Ashley Street will require a Certificate of Appropriateness (COA). All proposed work will be reviewed for consistency with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings. The review of most routine work scopes including repairs, maintenance, alterations of previously altered features, small additions and size-limited new construction that would not impact significant historic elements or would not be readily street visible can be processed by the Historic Preservation Section (HPS) of the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department, but certain activities like alterations, additions, new construction, relocation and demolition that would be visible from the public right-of way, as well as any work the HPS determines to be potentially in conflict with the Secretary of the Interior Standards, will require review by the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission.

The purpose of the historic designation of this site is to provide protection to the First Baptist Church Youth Building at 211 West Ashley Street, not to discourage or prohibit the future development of the site. The review of work through the COA process is to preserve the historic character, architectural features and materials of this significant structure, as well as, to ensure any future development of the site is compatible with and sensitive to this primary historic resource.

(D) Utilizing the landmark designation application submitted by the applicant and additional staff research, the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department has found the application to meet three of the seven criteria. The criteria include the following.

## 1. Its value as a significant reminder of the cultural, historical, architectural, or archaeological heritage of the City, state or nation.

A contributing property in the Downtown Jacksonville Historic District, the First Baptist Church Youth Building is significant as representing the transition of pre-war revival styles and traditional commercial designs to the modern movement in architecture defined by the Art Deco, Art Moderne and Mid-Modern styles. After the war Downtown continued to serve as the financial, commercial, and social heart of the city. Although residential uses had become less a component of Downtown, a variety of offices and businesses continued to thrive well into the 1950s. Further, the Youth Building was the first building specifically constructed by First Baptist Church outside the block containing the original sanctuary, the old Sunday School Building and the Armstrong Building. Over the years, the church continued this policy of acquiring and constructing new buildings and park garages located on different blocks.

Between 1955 and 1965, Jacksonville's Downtown entered its greatest period of growth and redevelopment since the building renaissance following the Great Fire of 1901. Under the leadership of Haydon Burns, a five-term mayor and later Governor of Florida, the City launched perhaps its most extensive civic improvement program in the 1950s entitled "Jacksonville's Decade of Progress". This initiative to improve downtown started in 1955 when Mayor Burns used four million dollars in Parking Lot Certified Bonds to clean-up the north bank by acquiring and removing old docks and warehouses in order to accommodate a new bulkhead. During that same year, the Jacksonville Expressway Authority was organized for the purpose of designing and funding a new highway system that would enhance traffic flow between downtown and the growing suburbs.

"Jacksonville's Decade of Progress" continued with the passage in 1958 of a thirty million-bond issue, financed through revenue certificates that funded the construction of a new city hall, courthouse, coliseum, and civic auditorium, as well as the Buckman Sewage Treatment Plant.<sup>2</sup> These new public amenities, along with the new Wolfson Baseball Park, expanded

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> James B. Crooks, Jacksonville, *The Consolidation Story, From Civil Rights to the Jaguars*. (Gainesville: University Presses of Florida, 2004), pp. 1-2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid

Gator Bowl, and new correctional facilities, were capped by the 1962 bond issue that funded the new main library, the south bank park and marina, as well as the parking lot and riverfront boulevard behind the new city hall and courthouse. However, the other half of the "Jacksonville Story" was the significant amount of private development stimulated by these major municipal investments in Downtown Jacksonville

Also growing phenomenally during that period was the First Baptist Church, a significant institution in downtown since before the Civil War. Just before the start of World War II, the church began a new expansion plan that would be implemented free of any outside financing and based instead on a pay as you go policy. Church members, Samuel and Louisa Armstrong, donated property at 316 & 326 West Ashley Street along with \$23,000 in cash. On the death of Mrs. Armstrong in April of 1939, a trust fund was set up to start a new building program. The church purchased property next door at 517 North Hogan Street for \$16,500 in 1941. A new educational building was constructed on this site behind the sanctuary by R.J. Gillespie Company from a design by architects Marsh & Saxelbye in association with D. Floyd Rosser. Costing \$250,000, the new building opened on February 1, 1948, and named the Armstrong Educational Building in dedication to the memory of Samuel and Louisa Armstrong.3

With Sunday school enrollment being near 2500 and having 2,700 members, the need for additional educational space became even more acute. Owning no more space on the block containing the sanctuary, the old Sunday School Building and the Armstrong Education Building, the church purchased properties across North Hogan Street and West Ashley Street. The church had a four-story building constructed across North Hogan Street at 211 West Ashley Street. Designed by D. Floyd Rosser and built by Paul H. Smith Construction Company at the cost of \$350,000, the new 22,000 square foot building opened on December 19, 1954. Since housing the youth departments, the building was named the Youth Building.

The Youth Building was the second project for First Baptist Church by Jacksonville architect, D. Floyd Rosser who was involved in the design of the Armstrong Building. Born in Montrose, South Dakota in 1902, Rosser receive his architectural degree from the University of Michigan. Moving to Jacksonville in 1934, he opened his own architectural firm. Rosser was a First Baptist Church deacon and Sunday school teacher of the Junior Department for 30 years, as well as a member of the Board of Directors of the Big Brothers of Greater Jacksonville, member and officer of the Optimist Club, and active in various masonic organizations.<sup>4</sup>

Rosser collaborated in the design of the Youth Building with Jacksonville architect, Russell Seymour. A graduate of the University of Illinois, Russell Seymour came to Jacksonville in 1930 starting his fifty-year architectural practice. In addition to designing and building a Tudor Revival style apartment building at 2223 St. Johns Avenue, where he also resided, Seymour designed numerous churches. His many residential designs included two grand Neo-classical Revival style houses featuring two-story columns in Ortega (Algonquin Avenue) and Maple

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Belton S. Wall, Jr. A Tale To Be Told, The History of the First Baptist Church of Downtown Jacksonville. (Jacksonville, Florida, 1999), pp. 47 & 48..

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Florida Times Union, November 9, 1969, P. D3.

Vertical File – D. Floyd Rosser, Historic Preservation Section, Jacksonville Planning and Development Department.

Lane in San Marco. His most recognized design was the extensive alterations made in 1945 to the large wood-frame gym of the old Concordia School for girls (1919 – 1925) at 645 Oak Street on behalf of the Friday Musicale that acquired the building in 1929. His remodeling in 1945 gave the old gym a degree of formality with its Neo-classical design. In 1947, Seymour designed Unit 1, the Garden Club Room for the Garden Club of Jacksonville in Riverside. <sup>5</sup>

In response to continued growth which reached 3,488 members by 1965, a new five story educational building was constructed and attached to the Armstrong Building which was also renovated. Built by the William E. Arnold Company for \$633,333, the building was dedicated on November 14, 1965, and named the Lindsay Educational Building to honor Reverend Dr. Homer Lindsay, Sr.6 After repairs and updates, the old Sunday School Building at 125 West Church Street became the Singles Building that housed the young people department. The former home office for Gulf Life Insurance Company, the building at 124 West Ashley Street was renovated as the Administration Building. As growth continued at a rapid rate, the church needed a newer much larger sanctuary. In April of 1976, a new 3,200 seat auditorium was opened named in honor of Ruth Lindsay, wife of Pastor Dr. Homer Lindsay, Sr. Ruth Lindsay was a tireless worker involved in a variety of activities important in the church's growth and development. With an increase in membership to 11,050 by 1986, a new 18.5-million-dollar auditorium was dedicated on October 3, 1993, that accommodated 9,200 seats. The church campus was further expanded with three parking garages. By 1999, the church had 26,088 members and was recognized as the second largest Baptist Church in the country.7

2. Its location is the site of a significant local, state, or national event.

It is the determination of the Planning and Development Department that the subject property at 211 West Ashley Street does not meet this landmark criterion.

3. It is identified with a person or persons who significantly contributed to the development of the City, state or nation.

It is the determination of the Planning and Development Department that the subject property at 211 West Ashley Street does not meet this landmark criterion.

4. It is identified as the work of a master builder, designer, or architect whose individual . work has influenced the development of the City, state or nation.

It is the determination of the Planning and Development Department that the subject property at 211 West Ashley Street does not meet this landmark criterion.

5. Its value as a building is recognized for the quality of its architecture, and it retains sufficient elements showing its architectural significance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Russell Seymour, Vertical File, Historic Preservation Section, Jacksonville Planning and Development Department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Wall, pp. 50 & 51.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Ibid, pp. 64, 65, 67, 68, 85 & 102.

It is the determination of the Planning and Development Department that the subject property at 211 West Ashley Street does not meet this landmark criterion.

## (6) It has distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style valuable for the study of a period, method of construction, or use of indigenous materials.

The design of the First Baptist Church Youth Building at 211 West Ashley is a variation of the Mid-Modern style of the 1940s through the mid-1970s. Development of the style originated from a generation of young architects exposed and influenced by European modernism. Some of the influential European architects of the Mid-Modern style came to America during and immediately after World War II. One of the most significant buildings of the Mid-Modern period in Jacksonville is the Gulf Life Building (1965 – 1967) designed by the firm of Welton Becket Associates, who were responsible for the design of Hollywood's Capital Records Building. Another influence on these young architects were new materials and technologies, many developed during the war, particularly the wide use of concrete, a cheap, abundant and durable product. Not restricted to a regiment of style parameters, Mid-Modern architects sought to construct unique designs that varied in the use of materials, technologies, colors, form and shapes.<sup>8</sup>

The primary or south elevation of the Youth Building has a sharp, clear, and unadorned exterior, a common trait of Mid-Modern buildings. The dominate feature of this elevation is a centrally placed slightly recessed area composed of glass and metal framing that runs vertically from the second to the fourth story. The glass is divided vertically by two evenly spaced pilasters that terminates into a cast stone panel that projects slightly above the parapet wall. The panel is further divided by four cast stone pilasters that projects above the panel. The two central pilasters line up vertically with those dividing the glass and the other two lining up with each end of the recessed area. The verticality of the central recess is balanced horizontally on both sides with window ribbons on the second, third and fourth stories. The rows of windows are encased with a tan brick veneer. The first story is sheathed with cast blocks. The front entryway is protected by a rounded canopy covering a pair of doors that line up vertically with the recessed area.

The design of the Youth Building, as well as Art Deco and the Art Moderne styles, represents a distinct transition between the revivals and traditional commercial designs of the pre-war period with those of the later Mid-Modern era. This architectural transition was stated in more direct terms by architect, Thomas D. Marvel, FAIA, , "The Second World War changed everything. It was as if the past had been erased and a new order was taking shape." Mid-Modern buildings constitute a small part of the built environment of downtown. The Downtown Jacksonville Historic District application (2016) for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, identified fifteen buildings out of 176 contributing properties as reflecting the Mid-Modern style with an additional four in the International style and two in the Brutalism style.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> AIA Jacksonville, *Mid-Century Modern Architecture in Northeast Florida*. Conference – Cummer Museum of Arts and Gardens, March 1, 2008, pp. 3 & 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> S. Keith Bailey, Diane D. Greer and John Howey, Florida Architecture, A Celebration, The History of the Florida Association of Architects, AIA, 1912 – 2000.

#### (7.) Its suitability for preservation or restoration.

In utilizing this criterion, it has been the practice of the Planning and Development Department to evaluate proposed landmarks based on evidence of significant exterior alterations that have negatively impacted character-defining features, as well as represent alterations difficult, costly, or impossible to reverse. Further, the degree and nature of any exterior deterioration, as well as the evidence of long term and potentially on-going neglect are also a factor in evaluating potential landmarks for their suitability for preservation or restoration. Quoting from the landmark application submitted for 211 West Ashley Street.

The First Baptist Youth Building is well suited for preservation and rehabilitation. The structure and the building envelop remain sound. The windows are in relatively good condition, facilitating the preservation of these important character-defining features. The size of the building and the interior configuration provide the opportunity for adaptive reuse with a variety of potential programming options. The building is already listed as a contributing building to the Downtown Jacksonville Historic District, so the property owner has proposed to rehabilitate the building through the federal historic rehabilitation tax credit program, which requires review at the state and federal level to ensure that the scope of work meets the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for rehabilitation.

Base on the application for LM-22-02 including photographs, the Planning and Development Department has found the property to meet this criterion.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the findings of this report, the Planning and Development Department recommends that the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission <u>APPROVE</u> the designation of the First Baptist Church Youth Building at 211 West Ashley Street, <u>(LM-22-02)</u> as a City of Jacksonville Landmark. The Commission's action is in the form of a recommendation to the Jacksonville City Council for final action.

# II. DESIGNATION APPLICATION

#### REQUEST FOR LOCAL DESIGNATION OF LANDMARK OR LANDMARK SITE

- Name of Proposed Landmark (physical name on building, historic association): First Baptist Youth Building
- Address of Proposed Landmark:
   211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL
- Legal Description and Real Estate Number(s): 39-2S-26E Jacksonville Harts Map Lot 3 (Ex. East 50.85 Ft) Block 69 Real Estate #: 073947
- Name and Contact Information of Owner (including address, phone and email): EJPC LLC, James R. Wiss 5738 N. Broadway, Kansas City, MO 64118 jamesrwiss@aol.com 303-521-6333
- Name and Contact Information of Applicant (including address, phone and email): Rosin Preservation, Rachel Consolloy 1712 Holmes St., Kansas City, MO 64108 <u>rachel@rosinpreservation.com</u> 816-472-4950
- 6. Type of Property (residential, commercial, public, institutional, industrial, archaeological, cemetery, other): Commercial/Institutional
- 7. Date of Construction and Major Alterations/Additions to Building: 1953
- Original Use and Present Use: Original Use: Religious Education Present Use: Vacant
- 9. Physical Description (basic design, type of construction, materials and condition):

The First Baptist Youth Building is a four-story concrete building with brick cladding and a flat roof. The building stands on the north side of West Ashely Street at the northern edge of the Downtown Jacksonville Historic District. The building is identified as a contributing resource. The building was constructed as an educational resource for the First Baptist Church, a prominent organization in downtown Jacksonville. The building has retained this historic use until it was vacated several years ago. The four-story building has a concrete structure with brick and cast stone cladding. Light colored cast stone clads the one-story base while the upper three stories are buff brick, commonly found on buildings throughout downtown Jacksonville. The front (south) façade is symmetrical around the primary entrance and the main stair. Vertical bands of fixed aluminum windows illuminate the stair while horizontal bands of tripartite fixed aluminum windows span the façade flanking the center stair. A cast stone parapet ornaments the area above the center stair. The secondary elevations are painted brick between the concrete structural members and have minimal fenestration. The flat roof has tall parapet walls.

The interior is organized around the stair at the center of the south end of the building and the historic center corridor that extends northward from the stair. The stair retains its historic metal railing. The corridor also contains the historic elevator and bathrooms on the south side of the corridor. Classrooms and offices of various sizes line the corridor. The layout is similar on each floor, with single rooms or suites of rooms at the southeast corner and along the north side of the building. There is a large room at the west end of the corridor on each floor. Historically, this room had small rooms that lined the perimeter but these small rooms have since been removed. The room at the southeast corner of the first floor was originally open as a

recessed loading dock, but the west wall was infilled with brick to match the historic wall. The east wall of this room is comprised of exterior brick.

The building has experienced some changes since its construction. While the spaces behind the corridor have been reconfigured with new drywall partitions, the corridors retain their historic configuration and some materials (plaster walls). The wood chair rail appears to be non-historic. The historic plaster ceiling is almost directly above the non-historic ACT ceiling. The spaces have non-historic drywall partitions, wood veneer paneling, carpet or VCT flooring. Some of the doors have been replaced, as well as the bathroom fixtures.

- 10. Description of the Cultural, Historical, Architectural, or Archaeological Significance with reference to all applicable local designation criteria outlined in Section 307.104(f), Jacksonville Ordinance Code cited below:
  - (1) <u>Its value as a significant reminder of the cultural, historical, architectural, or archaeological heritage of the City, state or nation.</u>

The building at 211 W. Ashley was built by the First Baptist Church as their Youth Building. It is a contributing structure to the Downtown Jacksonville National Register Historic District. The First Baptist Church has been a significant part of Downtown development since before the Civil War. The First Baptist Church as an organization, currently and historically, has had a large presence in downtown Jacksonville, with multiple buildings for religious services, as well as administrative and educational functions. The organization has provided employment and cultural services throughout the period of significance of the district. The First Baptist Youth Building provided educational services for the children and young people associated with the First Baptist Church since its construction in 1953. It is one of many buildings linked to the church and thus contributes to the commercial and cultural significance of the area. The First Baptist Church organization has expanded throughout the years with not only worship facilities but also schools and youth buildings such as the subject property. First Baptist Church currently owns dozens of buildings and parcels in Downtown.

- (2) <u>Its location is the site of a significant local, state or national event.</u>

  The subject property, the First Baptist Youth Building at 211 W. Ashley Street, does not meet this criterion.
- (3) It is identified with a person or persons who significantly contributed to the development of the City, state or nation.

The subject property, the First Baptist Youth Building at 211 W. Ashley Street, does not meet this criterion.

(4) It is identified as the work of a master builder, designer, or architect whose individual work has influenced the development of the City, state or nation.

The First Baptist Church organization constructed the building at 211 West Ashley Street as the First Baptist Youth Building in 1953. The church commissioned prominent local architect D. Floyd Rosser, who collaborated with local architect Russell Seymour, to design the four-story educational building. These two notable local architects were predominantly known in Jacksonville during the post-World War II era. Rosser designed several Art Deco and Streamlined Moderne structures in the Downtown for the First Baptist Church. Seymour's work was featured in *Jacksonville Architecturally*, a booklet published in 1940, which highlighted modern design trends in Jacksonville at the time. In 1946, both architects are listed in the City Directory. At the time, there were only twenty-seven working architects in the city.

The reinforced concrete building has buff brick cladding and cast stone details that reflect the influence of the Streamlined Moderne style and the Modern Movement. There are relatively few buildings in downtown Jacksonville that exhibit this early Modern aesthetic, thus this building illustrates the transition in architectural trends away from the historical revival styles and simple commercial styles of the early twentieth century. These early styles dominated the commercial core of Jacksonville as it rebuilt following the Great Fire of 1901. Many of the buildings constructed at that time used buff brick similar to that used at the First Baptist Youth Building. The First Baptist Youth

Building is similar in size and massing to the buildings that comprise the historic commercial core of Jacksonville and thus contributes to the architectural significance of the area.

(5) <u>Its value as a building is recognized for the quality of its architecture, and it retains sufficient elements showing its architectural significance.</u>

The First Baptist Youth Building retains the majority of its original exterior details and simple Streamlined Moderne ornament. The original fenestration pattern, with the horizontal bands of metal ribbon windows at each story, and the vertical center window with its cast stone pilasters that connect to a simple cast stone parapet are still intact and clearly communicate the Moderne aesthetic. The cast stone base and brick veneer of the upper stories are preserved and unpainted. The vertical center window indicates the location of the main stair tower and is part of the original design. It does appear that the front entrance doors may have been replaced, but the original opening remains the same. In addition, to the left of the main entrance is a large opening which at first glance may appear altered but is showing on the original plans. All of these existing original features help retain the architectural integrity of the building and style.

(6) It has distinguishing characteristics of an architectural style valuable for the study of a period, method of construction, or use of indigenous materials.

The First Baptist Youth Building at 211 W. Ashley Street is an excellent example of the early Modern Movement style applied to a commercial building. Within the Downtown Jacksonville National Register Historic District there are only ten Moderne and Art Deco buildings listed out of the 176 contributing structures. The design of the primary façade, specifically blonde brick, cast stone, and ribbon windows, communicates the Modern Movement aesthetic through simple forms rather than applied ornament. The building's four-story vertical tower centered in the front façade, along with the staggered vertical cast stone project at the parapet provide a distinct contrast to the horizontal orientation of the ribbon windows. These types of contrast are characteristic of the Modern Movement design philosophy. This building is one of the three best examples of that early modern aesthetic in Downtown Jacksonville.

(7) Its suitability for preservation or restoration.

The First Baptist Youth Building is well suited for preservation and rehabilitation. The structure and the building envelop remain sound. The windows are in relatively good condition, facilitating the preservation of these important character-defining features. The size of the building and the interior configuration provide the opportunity for adaptive reuse with a variety of potential programming options. The building is already listed as a contributing building to the Downtown Jacksonville Historic District, so the property owner has proposed to rehabilitate the building through the federal historic rehabilitation tax credit program, which requires review at the state and federal level to ensure that the scope of work meets the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation.

- 11. A <u>minimum</u> of ten (10) labeled photographs of the building and site, which includes one of each side of all primary structures, any accessory buildings and significant rooms or features of the interior spaces (attach with submittal)
  Attached with Photo Maps
- 12. Area map showing location (attach with submittal): Attached
- 13. Any available historic and/or existing drawings such elevations, floor plans, etc. (attach with submittal) Attached
- Any additional historical documentation related to the structures or site (historic photographs, newspaper references, personal papers, etc)
   Attached

Request for Designation of Landmark or Landmark Site Page 4

15. Person Submitting Request contact information (Consideration by the Commission of the designation of a landmark or landmark site shall be initiated by the filing of an application for designation by the property owner, or his authorized agent, the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission, the Mayor, the Jacksonville City Council, or any member of the Jacksonville City Council, with the Commission. If the person making the request is not one of these listed parties, an applicant/landmark sponsor will need to be identified prior to an application moving forward.

Name:

Rachel Consolloy, Rosin Preservation, LLC

Address:

1712 Holmes St., Kansas City, MO 64108

Phone:

816-472-4950

Email:

rachel@rosinpreservation.com

Signature of Person Submitting Request:

Date:

16. Owner of property proposed for local designation contact information (required):

Name:

James R. Wiss; EJPC, LLC

Address:

5738 N. Broadway, Kansas City, MO 64118

Phone:

303-521-6333

Email:

iamesrwiss@aol.com

By signing this request for landmark designation you have read and understand the impact of landmark designation information provided below\* and are willing to pay all notification expenses associated with the designation.

Signature of Property Owner:

Date:

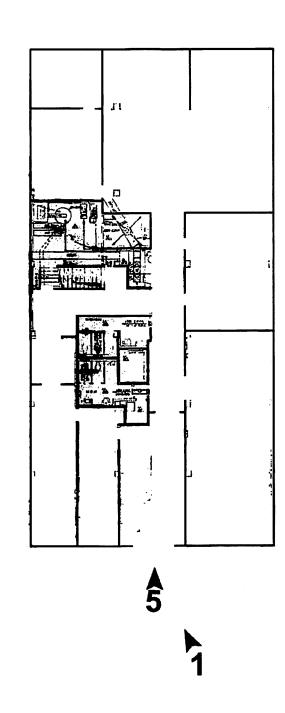
\*If designated, any activity affecting the exterior of the landmark will require a Certificate of Appropriateness (COA) that may require review by the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission. Before issuance of a Certificate of Appropriateness, the proposed activity will be reviewed for consistency with the Secretary of the *Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation and Guidelines for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings*. Routine repairs and maintenance, alterations, and new construction not seen from the public right-of-way and other projects consistent with the Secretary's Standards may be approved by the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department.

If designated, the owner of local landmarks may qualify for historic incentives if undergoing a substantial rehabilitation project. Please note that incentives require separate application review and approval processes before any work is initiated. For more information, please contact the Historic Preservation Section of the Planning and Development Department.

#### THE COMPLETED REQUEST WITH ATTACHMENTS SHOULD BE PROVIDED TO:

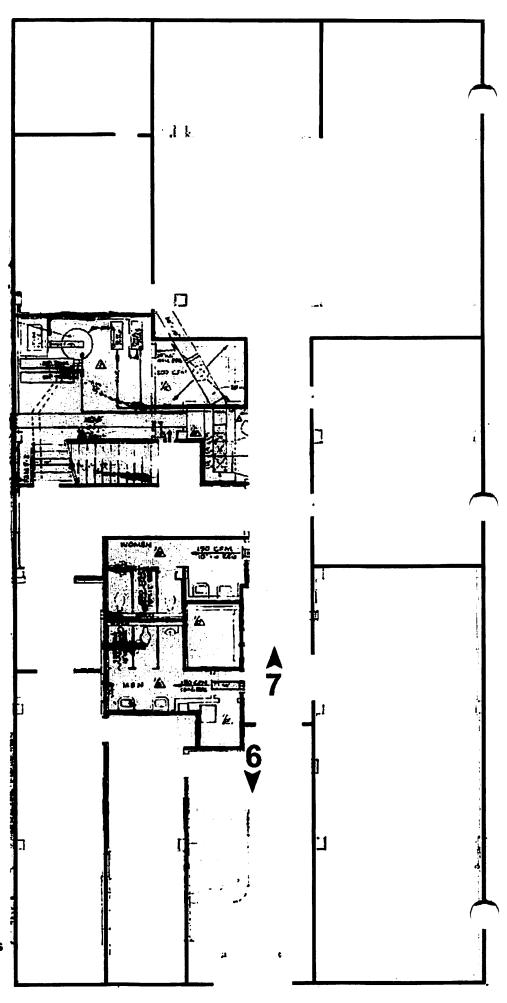
JACKSONVILLE PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT HISTORIC PRESERVATION SECTION 3RD FLOOR, ED BALL BUILDING 214 NORTH HOGAN STREET JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32202 HISTORICPRESERVATION@COJ.NET

For questions related to this form or the local designation process, please call (904) 255-7859 or email <a href="mailto:historicpreservation@coj.net">historicpreservation@coj.net</a>



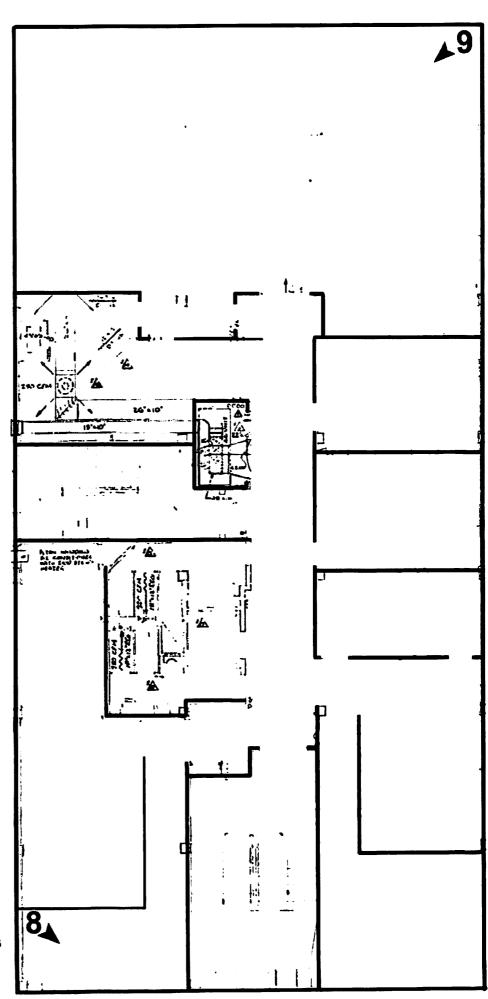
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rst Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL Local Landmark Designation Photos Exterior June 2021 Not to scale



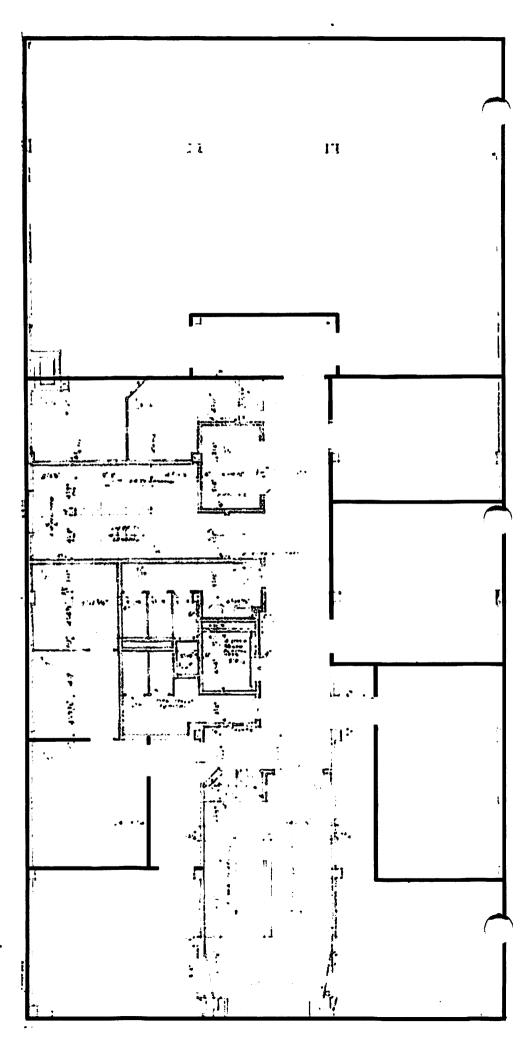


First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL Local Landmark Designation Photos 1st Floor June 2021 Not to scale



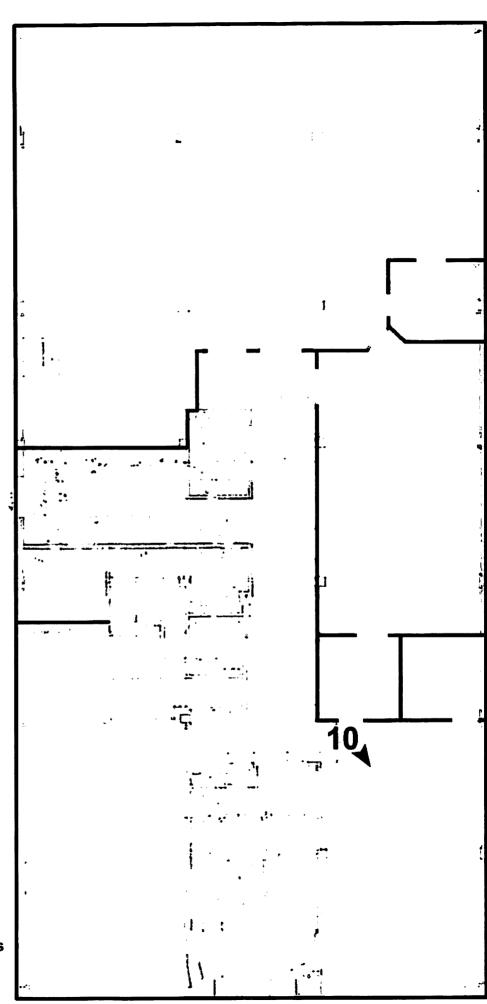


rst Baptist Youth Building
211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL
Local Landmark Designation Photos
2nd Floor
June 2021
Not to scale





First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL Local Landmark Designation 3rd Floor June 2021 Not to scale





rst Baptist Youth Building ∠11 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL Local Landmark Designation Photos 4th Floor June 2021 Not to scale

## **Downtown Jacksonville Historic District**

Jacksonville, Duval Co., FL

District Boundary

Contributing

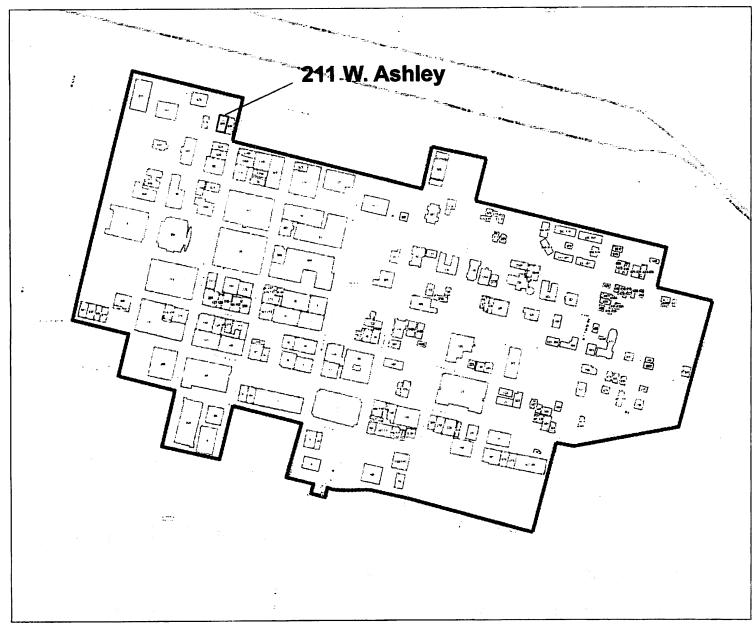
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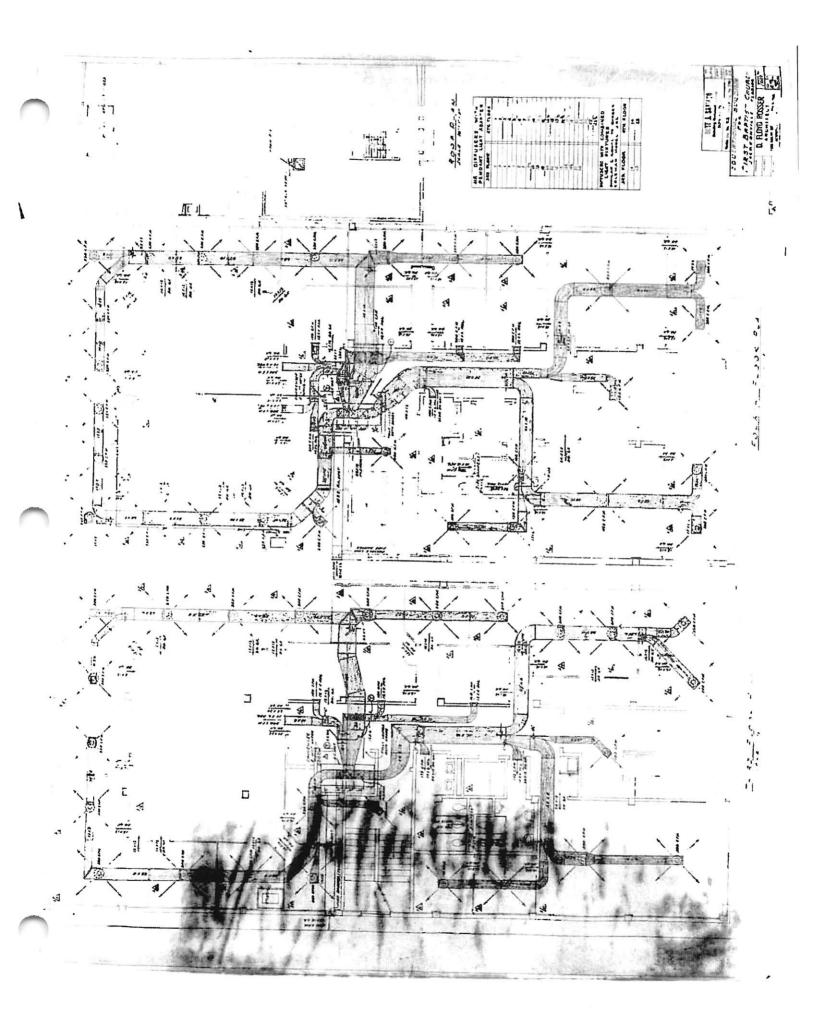
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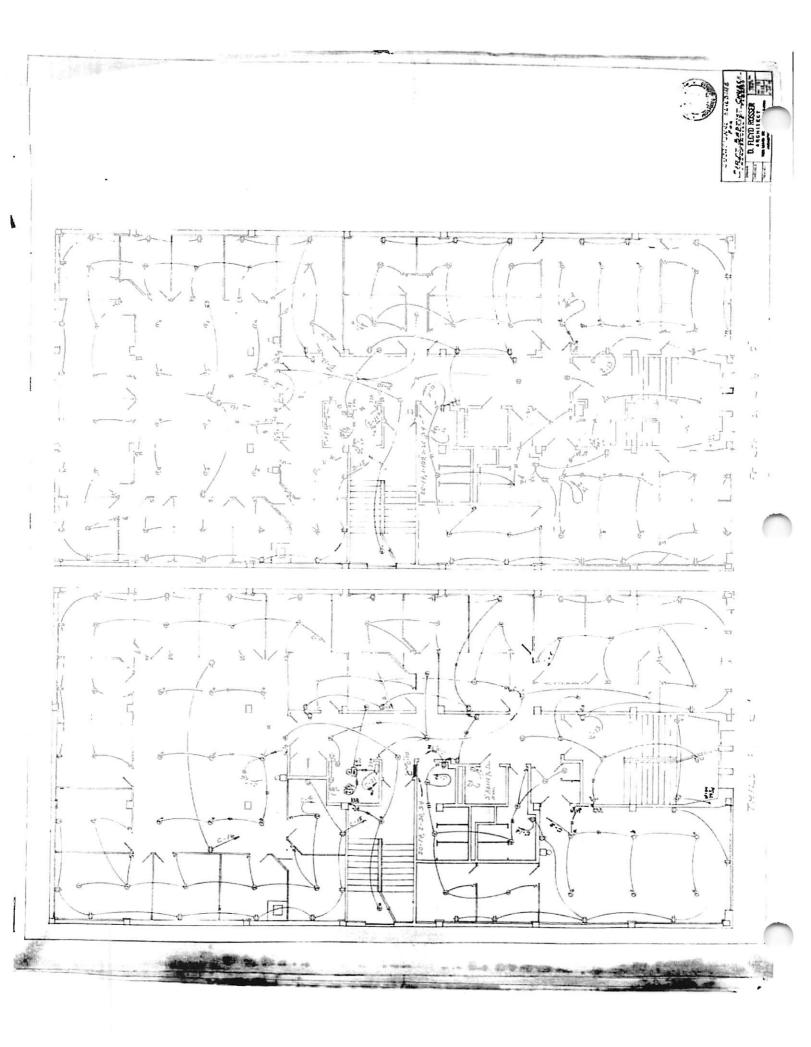
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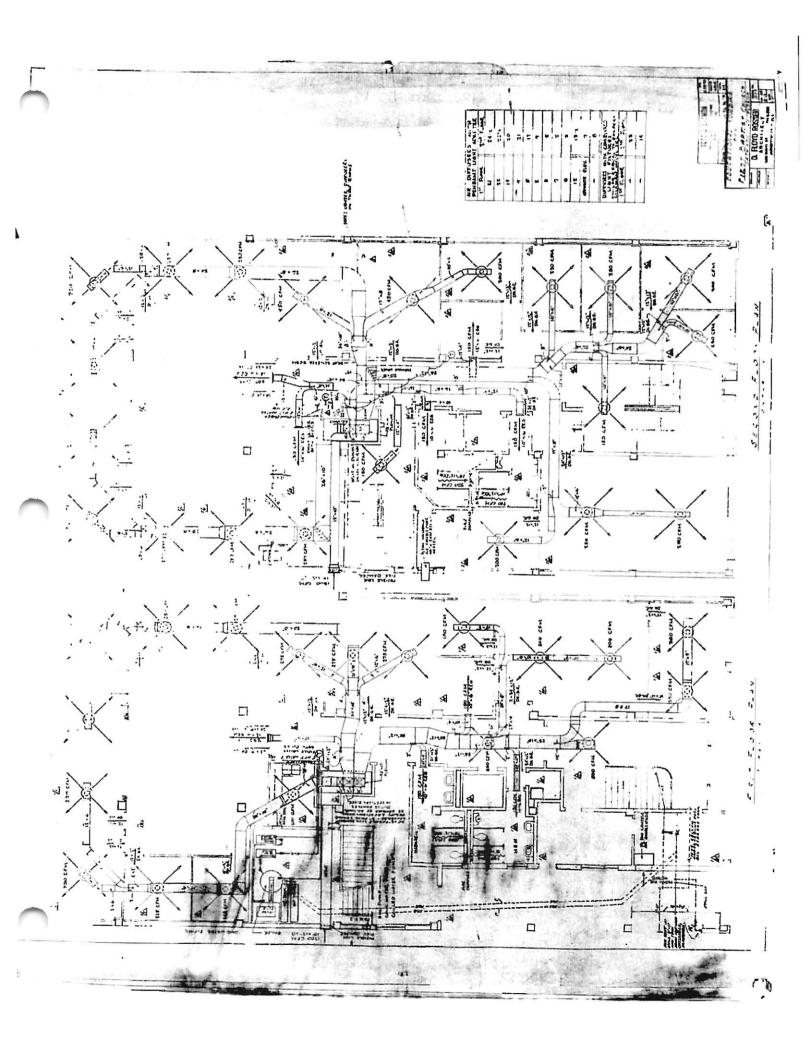
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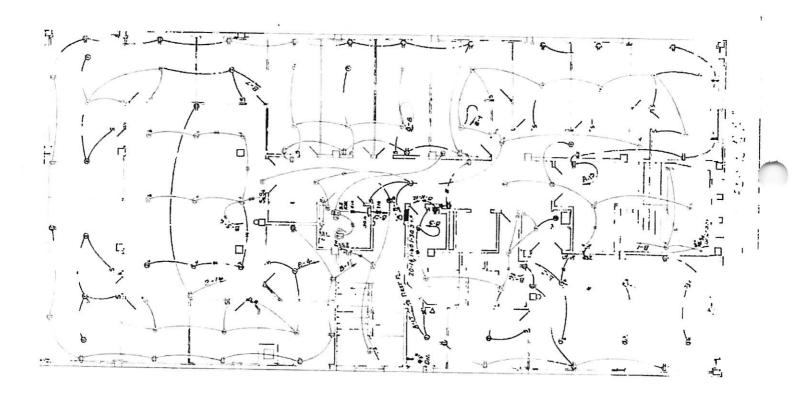
Prepared by: Andrew Waber Florida Division of Historical Resource

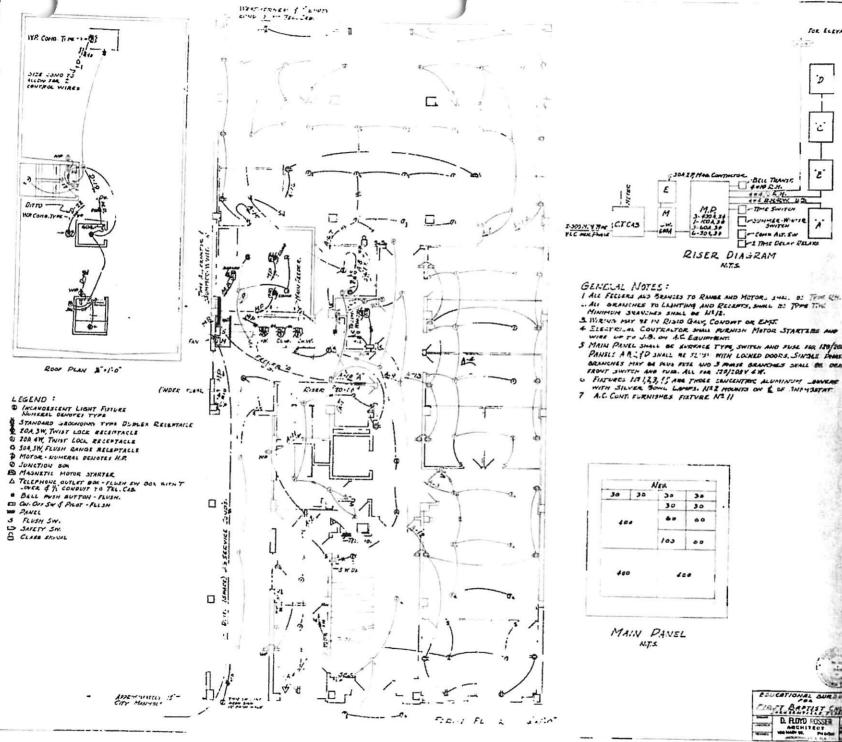


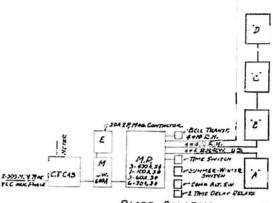












FOR ELEVATOR

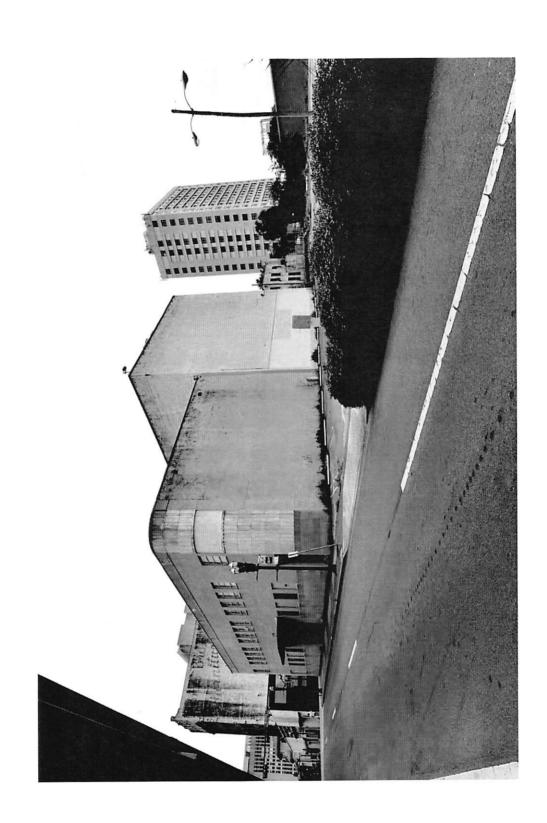
35

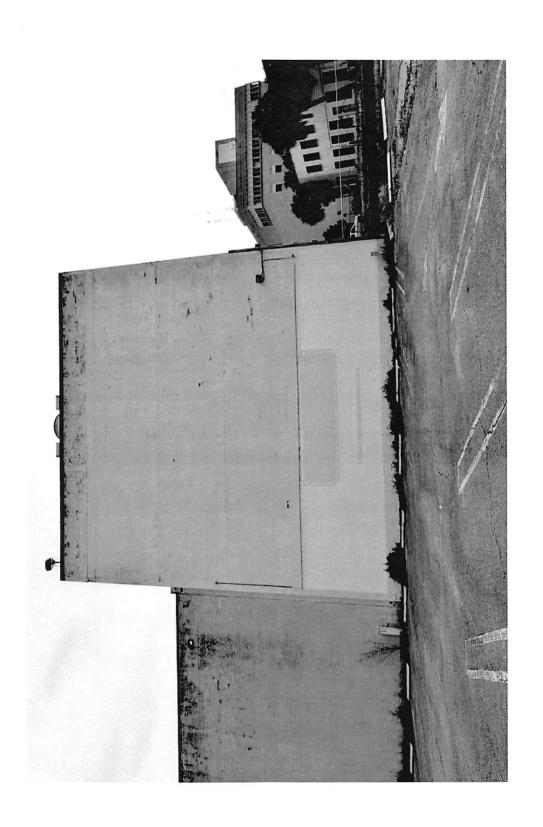
- I ALL FECLERS AND BENEZES TO RAMBE AND MOTORS SHEEL BY THE RE. .. ALL ORANGHES TO LASHTING AND RECEIVES, SHALL BE TOPE THE MINIMUM SHAVENES SHALL BE MILE.

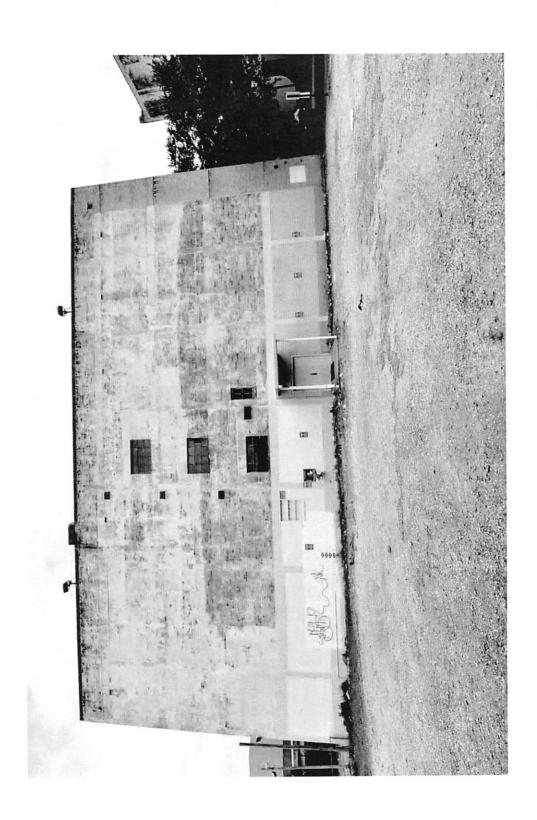
- 5 MAIN PANEL SHALL BE EVERACE TYPE, SWITCH AND PUSE FOR 120/2009, 44. PANSES AR TO SHALL HE SE'Y' WITH LOCKED DOORS, SINGE PHASE BRANCHES MAY BE BUS BUSE AND 3 MADE BRANCHES SHALL BE DERO FRONT SWITCH AND FUSE. ALL FOR 139/2084 & W.

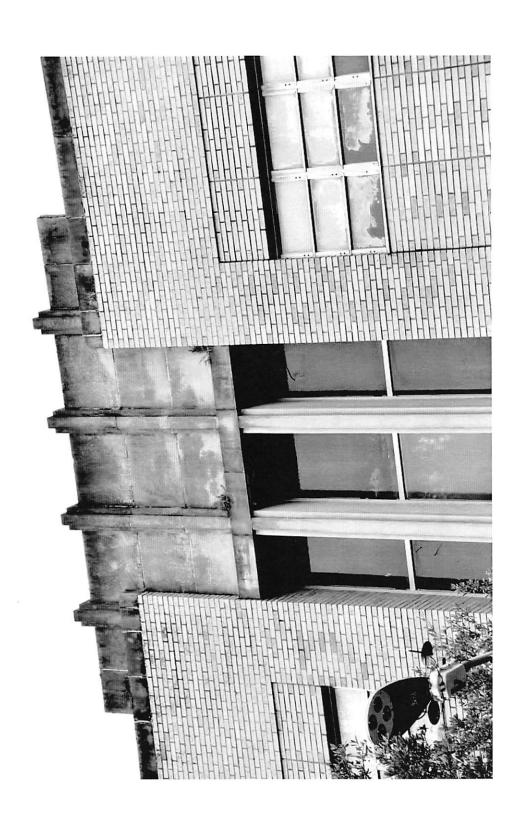


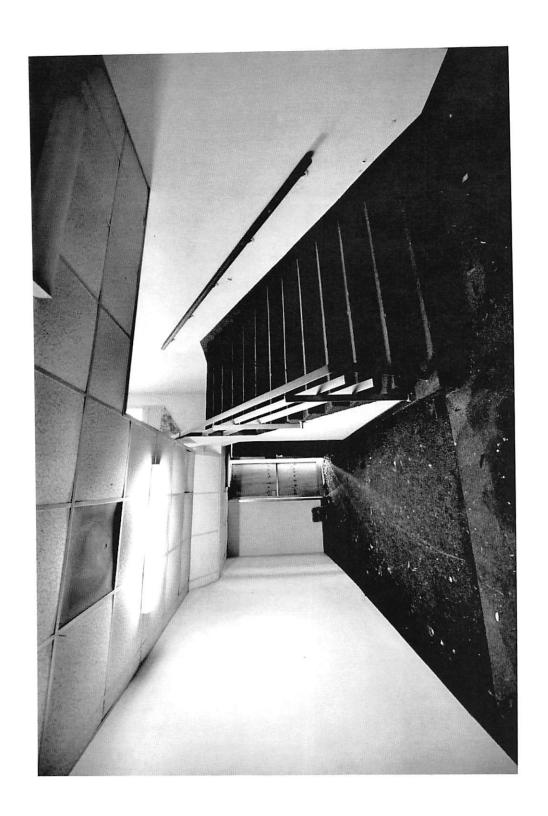








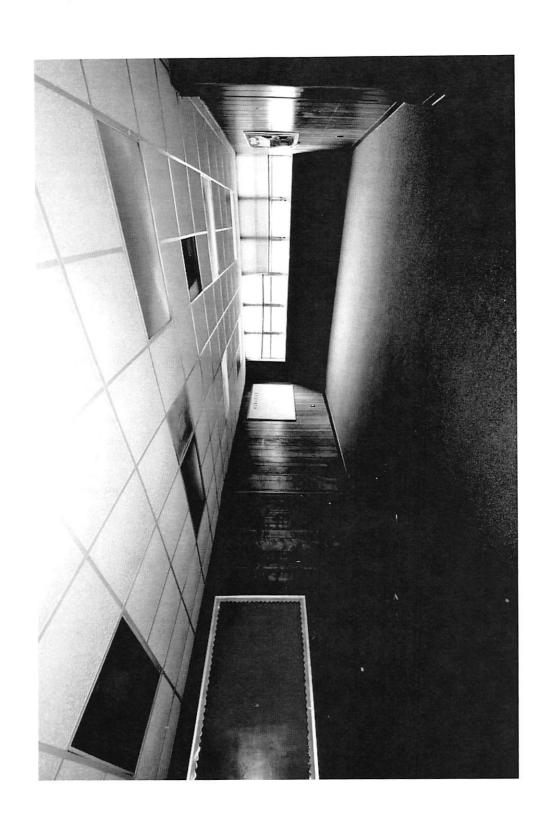












First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 1. South elevation, view NW June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 4. West elevation, view E June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 7. 1st floor, corridor, view N June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 10. 4th floor, view SE June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 3. East elevation, view W June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 6. 1st floor lobby, view W June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 9. 2nd floor, view SE June 2021 First Baptist Youth Building
211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL
2. East and north elevations, view SW
June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 5. West elevation, window and parapet detail, view N June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 8. 2nd floor, view SE June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 1. South and east elevations, view NW June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 4. East and north elevations, view SW June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 7. 1st floor lobby, stairs to 2nd floor, view NW June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 10. 2nd floor, view NW June 2021 First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 3. North elevation, view S June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 6. 1st floor, corridor, south stairs, view S June 2021

First Baptist Youth Building 211 W. Ashley St., Jacksonville, FL 9. 2nd floor, view SW June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 2. South elevation, view NE June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 5. North elevation, view S June 2021

Gulf Life Building 604 N. Hogan Ave., Jacksonville, FL 8. 1st floor corridor, view N June 2021

III.

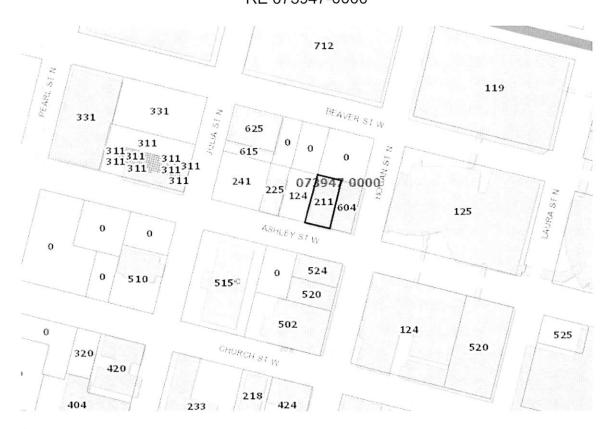
LEGAL DESCRIPTION AND MAP

recommendation will be forwarded to the Jacksonville City Council for final action.

If a person decides to appeal a decision of the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission with respect to any matter considered at such meeting, they will need a record of the proceedings, and that, for such purpose, they may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record includes the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based. § 286.0106, Florida Statutes

## Exhibit A LEGAL DESCRIPTION

39-2S-26E, JAX HARTS MAP LOT 3 (EX E. 50.85 FT), BLK 69 RE # 073947 RE 073947-0000



IV.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF PUBLIC NOTICE

## Daily R JaxDailvRecord.com

STATE OF FLORIDA,

S.S.

#### **COUNTY OF DUVAL,**

Before the undersigned authority personally appeared Rhonda Fisher, who on oath says that she is the Publisher's Representative of the JACKSONVILLE DAILY RECORD, a weekly newspaper published at Jacksonville, in Duval County, Florida; that the attached copy of advertisement, being a Notice of Public Hearing on Application to Designate a City of Jacksonville Historic Landmark

in the matter of LM-22-02 211 West Ashley Street

in the Court, was published in said newspaper by print in the issues of 1/6/22.

Affiant further says that the JACKSONVILLE DAILY RECORD complies with all legal requirements for publication in Chapter 50, Florida Statutes.

\*This notice was published on both jaxdailyrecord.com and floridapublicnotices.com.

Rhonda Fisher

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of January, 2022 by Rhonda Fisher who is personally known to me.

Seal

Notary Public, State of Florida

#### PROOF OF PUBLICATION **DUVAL COUNTY**

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING ON APPLICATION TO DESIGNATE 211 WEST ASHLEY STREET LM-22-02 AS A CITY OF J ACKSONVILLE HISTORIC LANDMARK

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on January 26, 2022 at 3:00 P.M., the Jacksonville Historic Preservation Commission of the City of Jacksonville will hold a public hearing for the consider-ation of 211 West Ashley Street as a City of Jacksonville Historic Landmark, pursuant to Jackson-ville Ordinance Code 307.104. The public hearing will be in Conference Room 1002, 1st floor of the Ed Ball Building, 214 North Hogan Street, Jacksonville, Flor-

Exhibit A Legal Description 39-2S-26E, JAX HARTS MAP, LOT 3 (EX E. 50.85 FT), BLOCK 69 RE # 073947-0000

This application (LM-22-02) is being sponsored by Rosin Preservation, 1712 Holmes Street, Kansas City, MO, 64108, agent for the property owner, EJPC LLC, PO. BOX 10750, Kansas City, MO, 64188. A copy of the application may be examined in the Offices of the Planning and Development Department, 3rd Floor, Ed Ball Building, 214 North Hogan Street, Jacksonville, Florida (904) 255-7834. All interested parties are notified to be present and will be heard at the *Public Hearing*.

Please note: At this time all

visits to the Planning and Development Department are by appointment only. To make an appointment, please contact the Historic Preservation Section at historicpreservation@coj.net or by phone at (904) 255-7800.

DATED this 6th day of Janu-

ary, 2022

Jack C. Demetree, III Chairman Jacksonville Historic **Preservation Commission** City of Jacksonville 00 (22-00148D)

V.

LIST OF PROPERTY OWNERS LOCATED WITHIN THREE HUNDRED AND FIFTY FEET OF THE PROPOSED LANDMARK SITE

073777 0000 218 W CHURCH LLC 7563 PHILIPS HWY BLDG 100 STE 208 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256 073851 0050 510 N JULIA LLC 7563 PHILIPS HWY STE 208 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256

073858 0000 ACE JAX LLC 2440 MAYPORT RD STE 3 ATLANTIC BEACH, FL 32233 073903 0358 ACEVEDO EDWARD 965 REGISTRY BLVD #307 SAINT AUGUSTINE, FL 32092

073903 0428 ADAMS JEROME ET AL 3 W TRIDENT DR PITTSBURG, CA 94565 073903 0322 ALBERTSON RICK E 4540 PHNOM PENH PL DULLES, VA 20189-4540

073903 0338 AMBER SCHIFF REVOCABLE TRUST 311 ASHLEY ST W UNIT 1402 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0348 ASOUDEGAN M F 2884 EL CAJON BLVD SAN DIEGO, CA 92104

073938 0050 AWP331 LLC P O BOX 10750 KANSAS CITY, MO 64188

073903 0440 AYER BRYAN S ET AL 212 VALE DR SAINT AUGUSTINE, FL 32095

073903 0294 BARRAGAN CAROLINA 1425 N PEARL ST JACKSONVILLE, FL 32206 073903 0286 BELAY ALMAZ ET AL 8402 WATERMILL BLVD JACKSONVILLE, FL 32244

073903 0384 BERRIOS MARCO 9026 BRIDGE CREEK DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32244 073903 0390 BERRY GEORGE HAROLD JR 311 W ASHLEY ST APT 1601 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

903 0310 BHITO JOHN JOSEPH 4208 BRINKLEY RD TEMPLE HILLS, MD 20748 073903 0396 BRU INVESTMENTS LLC 1549 NE 123RD ST NORTH MIAMI, FL 33161

073903 0292 BYEGUNOV MYKOLA 302 BIDWELL HILL RD LAKE ARIEL, PA 18436 073903 0364 CAINES JENNIFER PO BOX 3696 RIVERVIEW, FL 33569

073903 0394 CHOI ANNA M 2336 NW 27TH LN GAINESVILLE, FL 32605 073856 0000 CITY OF JACKSONVILLE C/O CITY REAL ESTATE DIV 214 N HOGAN ST 10TH FL JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0442

RPORATE HOUSING INVESTMENTS LLC

. J8 LAKE BREEZE CT

FLEMING ISLAND, FL 32003

073903 0366 CROWE JOYCE S 111 KEYSTONE CT ATHENS, GA 30605

073903 0328 DAVIS WILLIAM 3404 BRISTOL BRIDGE RD ORANGE PARK, FL 32073 073903 0302 DAWKINS JERMAINE 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1112 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0340 DAWSON WILLIAM 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1403 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0346 DEFEO DIANA L 10325 BIG TREE TER JACKSONVILLE, FL 32257

073903 0296 DEMIRAY HOLDINGS INC 2815 PILLSBURY WAY ELLINGTON, FL 33414 073903 0308 DOUGLAS FREY ACCOUNT 280 S ROANLD REGAN BLVD STE 200 LONGWOOD, FL 32750

073945 0000 EJPC LLC PO BOX 10750 KANSAS CITY, MO 64188 073903 0420 FAGAN GARY ET AL 13201 APPOLINAIRE DR DAVIDSON, NC 28036

074025 0000 FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH 124 W ASHLEY ST JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0306 GANYO SHARI R 8303 AUTUMNWIND DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32218

073903 0388 GARCIA ANGELINE R 311 ASHLEY ST W #1515 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0312 GARY JONES SOLO 401K TRUST 117 GLEN EAGLES CT PONTE VEDRA BEACH, FL 32082

073903 0336 GEBRUH DANIEL 8717 CANOPY OAKS DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256 073903 0418 HART RANDALL SHELBY 311 W ASHLEY ST 1702 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0392 HINES JEFFERY 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1602 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0380 HIREZI FLOR DESCALLAR 9226 SAFFRON CT ST JOHNS, FL 32259

073903 0438 HODULOVA IVANA 311 W ASHLEY ST 1712 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0436 HODULOVA IVANA 311 W ASHLEY ST 1711 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0290 HOOSE FREDDIE LLC 7563 PHILIPS HWY SUITE 208 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256 073903 0288 HUNTER WILLIAM LEE SR 746 DALLEYS CREEK DR MCDONOUGH, GA 30253

903 0372 INFANTE CARLOS 13810 SUTTON PARK DR N # 1435 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32224 073903 0412 JEAN PAULINE HESTON TRUST AGREEMENT 2823 VILLA RICA RD JACKSONVILLE, FL 32217

073949 0000 JOSEFA A DEL ROSARIO REVOCABLE TRUST 4880 EMPIRE AVE JACKSONVILLE, FL 32207-2172 073903 0370 JURADO CIRO ANDRES 311 W ASHLEY ST #1504 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0344 LOBODA RENTAL PROPERTIES LLC 219 SANWICK DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32218 073855 0000 MANDADRIN EMPORIUM INC ET AL 2240 MAYPORT RD #7 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32233

073903 0374
CLENDON CELESTINE A HOLLOWAY
W ASHLEY ST 1506
JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0404 MCRAE DAUSEAR F 11024 PROSPECTOR DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32218-7315

073903 0430 MGL TRUST C/O MICHAEL LANIER 311 W ASHLEY ST #1708 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073857 0000 O U R PROPERTIES INC PO BOX 330108 ATLANTIC BEACH, FL 32233-0108

073903 0320 PABELICO RAFAEL ET AL 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1207 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0356 PARISI JEFFERY 11738 S HIDDEN HILLS DR JACKSONVILLE, FL 32225

073903 0318
PETRIA CHRISTINA
311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1206
CKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073950 0000 PHOENIX INDUSTRIES OF JACKSONVILLE INC 5617 TIMUQUANA RD STE C JACKSONVILLE, FL 32210

073903 0382 PIGUAL LLC 1549 NE 123RD ST NORTH MIAMI, FL 33161 073903 0350 PRANA CLAUDIA SHAKTI 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1408 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0005 RESIDENCES AT CITY PLACE LLC 7400 BAYMEADOWS WAY SUITE 317 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256 073903 0332 RIEGER WOLFGANG A 3350 WATER OAK DR HOLLYWOOD, FL 33021

073903 0424 RITCHIE MITCHELL 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1706 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0416 ROSS MONIQUE L 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1701 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0300 SANZ ESTEBAN JAVIER TOSETTI 1300 SHETTER AVE APT 9108 JACKSONVILLE BEACH, FL 32250 073903 0386 SPINWEBER MARANDA 311 W ASHLEY ST #1514 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0432 TESFAYE SERKALMAZ 714 N WAYNE ST UNIT 302 ARLINGTON, VA 22201

073903 0422 TILEY SHAWN PATRICK 311 W ASHLEY ST #1704 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0414 TRAPSTACKFIT LLC 8007 HAMPTON PARK BLVD E JACKSONVILLE, FL 32256 073903 0376 TROUTMAN DAVID 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1012 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

073903 0378 TROUTMAN DAVID M 311 W ASHLEY ST 1508 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0402 TUB SEMION 3165 NOSTRAND AVE APT 4A BROOKLYN, NY 11229

JAN CORE KIM PRYOR 245 5TH ST W JACKSONVILLE, FL 32206

073903 0324 VAUGHN CHARLES LEE 5460 BRISTOL GROVE LN LAS VEGAS, NV 89135

073903 0400 WILLIAMS ROY LOWE 311 W ASHLEY ST UNIT 1606 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202 073903 0342 WRIGHT DAVIDA A 311 W ASHLEY ST #1404 JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202

Council Member Reggie Gaffney - District 7 117 West Duval Street 4th Floor JACKSONVILLE, FL 32202