

City of Jacksonville, Florida Donna Deegan, Mayor

> City Hall at St. James 117 W. Duval St. Jacksonville, FL 32203 (904) 630-CITY www.Jacksonville.gov

A NEW DAY.

December 7, 2023

The Honorable Ronald B. Salem, Pharm. D., President The Honorable Kevin Carrico, LUZ Chair And Members of the City Council 117 West Duval Street Jacksonville, FL 32202

RE: Planning Commission Advisory Report / Ordinance No. 2023-783/Application No. L-5873-23C

Dear Honorable Council President Salem, Honorable Council Member and LUZ Chairman Carrico and Honorable Members of the City Council:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 650.405 *Planning Commission* Advisory *Recommendation and Public Hearing*, the Planning Commission **APPROVED** Ordinance 2023-783 on December 7, 2023.

Pⅅ Recommendation	APPROVE
PC Issues:	None
PC Vote:	7-0 APPROVE
Charles Garrison, Chair	Aye

Lamonte Carter	Aye
Amy Yimin Fu	Absent
Julius Harden	Aye
Moné Holder	Aye
Ali Marar	Aye
Michael McGowan	Aye
Jack Meeks	Absent
Tina Meskel	Aye

Planning Commission Report December 7, 2023 Page 2

If you have any questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me at your convenience.

Sincerely,

Kpisten D. Reed

Kristen D. Reed, AICP *Chief of Community Planning Division* City of Jacksonville - Planning and Development Department 214 North Hogan Street, Suite 300 Jacksonville, FL 32202 (904) 255-7837 <u>KReed@coj.net</u>

Report of the Jacksonville Planning and Development Department

Small-Scale Future Land Use Map Amendment – December 1, 2023

Ordinance/Application No.:	2023-783 / L-5873-23C
Property Location:	0 Yellow Water Road, between Normandy Boulevard and Backwater Lane
Real Estate Number(s):	002278 0055
Property Acreage:	2.34 acres
Planning District:	District 4, Southwest
City Council District:	District 12
Applicant:	Cyndy Trimmer, Esquire
Current Land Use:	Agriculture (AGR)
Proposed Land Use:	Community/General Commercial (CGC)
Current Zoning:	Agriculture (AGR), Commercial Neighborhood (CN)
Proposed Zoning:	Planned Unit Development (PUD)
Development Boundary:	Rural Area
RECOMMENDATION:	APPROVE

APPLICANT'S JUSTIFICATION FOR THE LAND USE MAP AMENDMENT

Applicant seeks this land use amendment to match the property with the southern two parcels also owned by applicant to facilitate commercial development. A companion PUD rezoning is filed with this land use amendment.

BACKGROUND

The 2.34 acre subject site is located along the west side of Yellow Water Road (SR-271), a collector road, between Backwater Lane, an unclassified road, and Normandy Boulevard (SR-228), an FDOT principal arterial road. The applicant is proposing a Future Land Use Map (FLUM) amendment from Agriculture (AGR) to Community/General Commercial (CGC) to allow for commercial development. This application also has a companion rezoning from Agriculture (AGR) and Commercial Neighborhood (CN) to Planned Unit Development (PUD), which is pending concurrently with this application,

Ordinance 2023-783/Application L-5873-23C

pursuant to Ordinance 2023-784. The rezoning application includes two more parcels, with RE# 002278-0030 and RE# 002278-0005 for a total rezoning of 7.83 acres.

The CGC land use amendment is an extension of a CGC node to the south of the subject site at the intersection of Normandy Boulevard and Yellow Water Road. PUD Ordinance 2004-0915-E forms part of this CGC node on the south side of the intersection. Other surrounding uses are largely agricultural residential. To the north is an undeveloped residential PUD to which this subject site would provide commercial services for. To the west of the subject site is a vacant residential lot and the eastern border of the Loblolly Mitigation Preserve. To the east are single family properties which face Yellow Water Road. More specific adjacent land use categories, zoning districts and property uses are as follows:

<u>North:</u> Land Use: Agriculture (AGR) and Rural Residential (RR) Zoning: Planned Unit Development (PUD) and AGR Property Use: Single family homes, Loblolly Mitigation Preserve

<u>South:</u> Land Use: AGR, Community General Commercial (CGC)

Zoning: Commecial Neighborhood (CN), Community Commercial General -1 (CCG-1), and PUD

Property Use: Gas station, commercial, single family homes

<u>East:</u> Land Use: AGR Zoning: AGR Property Use: Single family homes

<u>West:</u> Land Use: AGR Zoning: AGR Property Use: Single family homes, Loblolly Mitigation preserve

IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Potential impacts of a proposed land use map amendment have been analyzed by comparing the Development Impact Standards for the subject site's existing vs. proposed land use categories unless maximum density/intensity is noted on the Annotated FLUM or is in a site specific policy. Development Impact Standards are detailed in FLUE Policy 1.2.16, *Development Standards for Impact Assessment*. These standards produce development potentials as shown in this section.

Development Analysis	2.34 acres	
Development Boundary	Rural area	
Roadway Frontage Classification / State Road	Yellow Water Road,	collector
Plans and/or Studies	Southwest Vision Pla	an
Site Utilization	Current: Timber land/undeveloped	Proposed: RV parking, offices, and flex warehouse space
Land Use / Zoning	Current: AGR/AGR	Proposed: CGC/PUD
Development Standards for Impact Assessment	Current: 1 DU/2.5 acres	Proposed: Scenario 1: 0.35 FAR Scenario 2: 15 DU/acre
Development Potential	Current: 0 dwelling units	Proposed: Scenario 1: 35,675.64 sqft Scenario 2: 35 dwelling units
Net Increase or Decrease in Maximum	Scenario 1: N/A	(0.5 · · ·
Density	Scenario 2: Net incre	
Net Increase or Decrease in Potential		ease of 35,675.64 sqft
Floor Area	Scenario 2: N/A	
Population Potential	Current: N/A	Proposed: Scenario 1: N/A Scenario 2: 82
Special Designation Areas		
Aquatic Preserve	No	
Evacuation Zone	N/A	
Airport Environment Zone	300ft Height Hazard	Cecil Field
Industrial Preservation Area	No	
Cultural Resources	No	
Archaeological Sensitivity	Low	
Historic District	No	
Coastal High Hazard	No	
Adaptation Action Area	No	
Groundwater Aquifer Recharge Area	0-4 inch recharge	
Wellhead Protection Zone	No	
Boat Facility Siting Zone	No	
Brownfield	No	
Public Facilities	1	
Potential Roadway Impact	Scenario 1: 1,166 ne Scenario 2: 236 net	5 1
Potential Public School Impact	7 new students	
Water Provider	JEA	

Development Analysis	2.34 acres
Potential Water Impact	Increase of 1,783.8 gallons per day
Sewer Provider	JEA
Potential Sewer Impact	Increase of 1,337.8 gallons per day
Potential Solid Waste Impact	Increase of 57.081 tons per year
Drainage Basin/Sub-basin	Brady and Yellow Branch/ Moore Branch
Recreation and Parks	Loblolly Mitigation Preserve
Mass Transit Access	None
Natural Features	
Elevations	87ft – 83ft
Land Cover	6250: Hydric pine flatwoods/ 4340: Upland
	mixed coniferous/hardwood/ 1180: Residential, rural - one unit on 2 or more acres
Soils	44 – Mascotte-Pelham complex
	51 – Pelham fine sand
	66 – Surrency loamy fine sand
Flood Zones	AO
Wetlands	6250 – Hydric Pine Flatwoods
Wildlife (applicable to sites greater than	N/A
50 acres)	

Utility Capacity

The calculations to determine the water and sewer flows contained in this report and/or this spreadsheet have been established by the City of Jacksonville Planning and Development Department and have been adopted by JEA solely for the purpose of preparing this report and/or this spreadsheet. The method of calculating water and sewer flows in order to properly size infrastructure shall continue to be based on JEA's Water, Sewer and Reuse for New Development Projects document (latest edition).

The applicant has provided a JEA Availability Letter, dated November 10, 2023, as part of the companion rezoning application. According to the letter, there is an existing 20-inch water main within the Normandy Boulevard Right of Way, and an 8-inch force sewer main at the intersection of Yellow Water Road and Normandy Boulevard. The letter also lists special conditions for connection to sewer service, including the design and construction of an onsite, privately owned and maintained pump station and a dedicated JEA force main. The rural development area does not require JEA water and sewer service for CGC amendments; however, the proposed amendment is consistent with FLUE policy 1.2.8.

Future Land Use Element

Policy 1.2.8

Require new development and redevelopment in the Central Business District (CBD), Urban Priority Area (UPA), Urban Area (UA), and Suburban Area (SA) to be served by centralized wastewater collection and potable water distribution systems when centralized service is available to the site. Development on sites located within the UPA, UA and SA are permitted where connections to centralized potable water and/or wastewater are not available subject to compliance the following provisions:

- 1. Single family/non-residential (estimated flows of 600 gpd or less) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not available through gravity service via a facility within a right-of-way or easement which abuts the property.
- 2. Non-residential (above 600 gpd) where the collection system of a regional utility company is not within 50 feet of the property.
- 3. Subdivision (non-residential and residential) where:
 - a. The collection system of a regional utility company is greater than 1/4 mile from the proposed subdivision.
 - b. Each lot is a minimum of $\frac{1}{2}$ acre unsubmerged property.
 - c. Installation of dryline sewer systems shall be installed when programmed improvements are identified in the Capital Improvements Element which will make connections the JEA Collection Systems available within a five (5) year period.

Transportation

The subject site is 2.34 acres and is accessible from Yellow Water Rd, a collector facility. The proposed land use amendment is located within the Rural Development Area and Mobility Zone 6. The applicant proposes to change the existing land use from Agriculture (AGR) to Community Commercial General (CGC).

Comprehensive Plan Consistency:

The Trip Generation Analysis is consistent with most recent version of the Transportation Element (TE) of the City of Jacksonville Comprehensive Plan (TE Objective 2.4 and Policies 1.2.1 and 2.4.2).

Transportation Element

- Policy 1.2.1 The City shall use the Institute of Transportation Engineers *Trip Generation Manual*, latest edition, to determine the number of trips to be produced or attracted to a particular land use when assessing a traffic impact.
- Objective 2.4 The City shall coordinate the mobility circulation system with the future land uses shown on the Future Land Use Map series in order to ensure that roads, road improvements and other mobility alternative improvements are provided as necessary to support development in an economically efficient and environmentally sound manner.

Policy 2.4.2 The City shall amend the adopted Comprehensive Plan to incorporate the data and analysis generated by a periodic regional transportation model and study and facilitate the implementation of the study recommendations.

Trip Generation Estimation:

Table A provides the daily trip generation comparison between the current and proposed comprehensive plan land uses and the potential transportation impacts on the roadway network. The current land use would result in 0 daily trips. If the land use is amended to allow for this proposed CGC development, this will result in 1,166 or 236 daily trips.

Transportation Planning Division <u>RECOMMENDS</u> the following:

The difference in daily trips for the proposed land use amendment will result in 1,166 or 236 net new daily trips when compared to the existing land use. The Transportation Planning Division recommends ongoing coordinating efforts with the City of Jacksonville Traffic Engineer to determine if a traffic operational analysis is needed.

Current Land Use Scenario	ITE Land Use Code	Potential Number of Units	Estimation Method	Gross Trips	Less Pass-By Trips	Daily Trips
					•	
AGR	210	0 SF DUs	T = 9.43 (X)	0	0	0
				Existing	Scenario Total	0
Proposed Land	ITE Land Use	Potential Number	Estimation Method	Gross Trips	Less Pass-By	Daily Trips
Use Scenario 1	Code	of Units			Trips	
CGC	821	35,676 SF	T = 54.45 (X) /1000	1,943	777	1,166
				Proposed S	cenario 1 Total	1,166
Proposed Land	ITE Land Use	Potential Number	Estimation Method	Gross Trips	Less Pass-By	Daily Trips
Use-Scenario 2	Code	of Units			Trips	
CGC	220	35 MF DUs	T= 6.74 (X)	236	0	236
				Proposed S	cenario 2 Total	236
			Scen	ario 1 Differenc	e in Daily Trips	1,166
			Scen	ario 2 Differenc	e in Daily Trips	236

Trip Generation Estimation Scenarios

Source: Trip Generation Manual, 11th Edition, Institute of Engineers

School Capacity

The 2.34 acre proposed land use map amendment has a development potential of 35 dwelling units and 7 new students. The proposed development was analyzed in accordance with the adopted level of service standards (LOS) for school capacity as established in the Interlocal Agreement (ILA) and the Public Schools and Facilities Element. The ILA was entered into in coordination with the Duval County Public School System (DCPS) and the other municipalities within Duval County.

School concurrency LOS is the methodology used to analyze and to determine whether there is adequate school capacity for each school type (elementary, middle, and high school) to

accommodate a proposed development. The LOS (105% of permanent capacity) is based on Concurrency Service Areas (CSAs), not the closest school in the area for elementary, middle and high schools, as well as on other standards set forth in the City of Jacksonville School Concurrency Ordinance.

In evaluating the proposed residential development for school concurrency, the following results were documented:

 Application Review Request: Proposed Name: Requested By: Reviewed By: Due:	uest: COJ PDD: School Impact Analysis lame: L-5873-23C d By: Sam Roberts d By: W. Randall Gallup Due: 11/20/2023	nalysis					
Analysis based on maximum dwelling units: <u>35</u>	<u>35</u>						
 School Type	CSA ¹	2022-23 Current Enrollment/CSA Utilization (%)	Current Utilization (%)	New Student/ Development ²	5-Year Utilization Available (%) CSA	Seats -	Available Seats - Adjacent CSA 2, 7 &8
Elementary	8	5,666	75%	4	83%	2,144	4,805
Middle	7	1,018	71%	1	79%	335	98
High	8	2,697	%68	2	84%	284	2,260
 NOTES: ¹ Proposed Development's Concurrenty Service Area (CSA) ² Student Distribution Rate ES-125 MC.051	Area (CSA)						

MS-051 HS-074 0.250 The Student Distribution Rate is calculated for each school type by dividing the total number of public school students enrolled in that school type in Duval County (104,757) by the number of total permitted housing units (418,708) for the same year, generating a yield of 0.250.

³ Available CSA seats include current reservations

L-5873-23C Yellow Water Road School Impact Analysis

The analysis of the proposed residential development does not reveal any deficiency for school capacity within the CSA.

Public School Facilities Element

- Policy 2.3.2 The City will coordinate with DCPS to establish plan review procedures to manage the timing of Future Land Use Map amendments and other land use decisions so that these decisions coordinate with adequate school capacity.
- Policy 2.3.3 The City will take into consideration the DCPS comments and findings on the availability of adequate school capacity in the evaluation of comprehensive plan amendments, and other land use decisions as provided in Section 163.3177(6)(a), F.S. and development of regional impacts as provided in 1380.06, F.S.

Objective 3.2 Adopted Level of Service (LOS) Standards

Through the implementation of its concurrency management systems and in coordination with the DCPS, the City shall ensure that the capacity of schools is sufficient to support new residential developments at the adopted level of service (LOS) standards within the period covered in the five-year schedule of capital improvements and the long range planning period. These standards shall be consistent with the Interlocal Agreement agreed upon by the DCPS, the City and the other municipalities. Minor deviations to the LOS standards may occur, so long as they are limited, temporary and with scheduled capacity improvements, school capacity is maximized to the greatest extent feasible.

Policy 3.1.1 The LOS standards set forth herein shall be applied consistently for the purpose of implementing school concurrency, including determining whether sufficient school capacity exists to accommodate a particular development application, and determining the financial feasibility of DCPS Five-Year Capital Facilities Plan and the City's Capital Improvement Plan.

Supplemental School Information:

The following additional information regarding the capacity of the assigned neighborhood schools was provided by the Duval County School Board. This is not based on criteria utilized by the City of Jacksonville School Concurrency Ordinance. Note that the percentage occupied may not appear correct due to ESE space requirements.

		Baldwin Middle/Iligh	Baldwin Middle/High	Mamie Anges Jones ≢23€	SCHOOL	Analysis based on maximum dwelling units: 35	Application Review Request: C0J PDD: Baselin Proposed Name: L-5873-23C Requested Dy: Sam Roberts Reviewed By: W. Randall Gallup Due: 11/20/2023
2		8	~	8	CSA	μ.	COJ PDD: Baseline Checklist Review L-5873-23C Sam Roberts W. Randall Gallup 11/20/2023
	7	2	1	4	STUDENTS GENERATED (Rounded) ²		iecklist Review
		572	132	455	SCHOOL CAP ACITY ³ (Permanent/Portables)		
		787	594	419	CURRENT ENROLLMENT 20-Day Count (2022/23)		
		130%	138%	92%	% OCCUPIED		
		125%	125%	%68	4 YFAR PROJECTION		

NOTES: ¹ Attendance school may not be in proposed development's Concurrency Service Area (CSA).

² Student Distribution Rate

HS074	MS051	ES125	student Distribution Ra
			Ka

0.250 The Student Distribution Rate is calculated for each school type by dividing the total number of public school students enrolled in that school type in Duval County (104,757) by the number of total permitted housing units (418,708) for the same year, generating a yield of 0.250.

³ Does not include ESE & room exclusions

Archaeological Sensitivity

According to the Duval County Archaeological Predictive Model, the subject property is located within an area of low sensitivity for the presence of archaeological resources. If archaeological resources are found during future development/redevelopment of the site, Section 654.122 of the Code of Subdivision Regulations should be followed.

Historic Preservation Element

- Policy 1.2.2 The City shall continue to review new development for the potential of archeologically significant sites. The City shall utilize the most current version of the Archeological Sensitivity Predictive Model to identify areas of high probability for artifact concentrations.
- Policy 1.2.5 The Planning and Development Department shall maintain and update for planning and permitting purposes, a series of GIS data layers and maps depicting recorded archaeological sites, historic districts and local landmarks.

Airport Environment Zone

The site is located within the 300-foot Height and Hazard Zone for Cecil Airport. Zoning will limit development to a maximum height of 300-feet, unless approved by the Jacksonville Aviation Authority or the Federal Aviation Administration. Uses located within the Height and Hazard Zone must not create or increase the potential for such hazards as electronic interference, light glare, bird strike hazards or other potential hazards to safe navigation of aircraft as required by Section 656.1005.1(d).

Future Land Use Element

- Objective 2.6 Support and strengthen the role of Jacksonville Aviation Authority (JAA) and the United States Military in the local community, and recognize the unique requirements of the City's other airports (civilian and military) by requiring that all adjacent development be compatible with aviation-related activities in accordance with the requirements of Section 163.3177, F.S.
- Policy 2.6.16 Airport Height and Hazard zones (HH) exist around all military and civilian airports within the city limits of Jacksonville. The horizontal limits of the zones and limitations on heights of obstructions within these zones are defined for each military airport in Naval Facilities Engineering Command (NAVFAC) P-80.3 01/82, on file with the Planning and Development Department, and for each civilian airport in Title 14, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 77 guidelines, on file with the Planning and Development Department. In order to assure that Title 14, CFR, Part 77 guidelines and NAVFAC P-80.3 01/82 guidelines are not exceeded and that no structure or obstruction is permitted that would raise a minimal obstruction clearance altitude, a minimum vectoring descent altitude or a decision height, all cell towers and any structure or

obstruction that would extend into an Airport (HH) requires, in writing, comment from the U.S. Navy. Although written documentation from the U.S. Navy for military HH and from the FAA or JAA for civilian HH is not required for proposed structure heights below the listed height, United States Code (USC) Title 14, CFR Part 77 still applies.

Aquifer Recharge

The site is located within an area identified as being in the 0 to 4 inch per year aquifer recharge area. This range is below the threshold of 12 inches or more per year which would constitute a prime recharge area as defined in the Infrastructure Element – Aquifer Recharge Sub-Element (IE-AR). Prime aquifer recharge areas are the primary focus of groundwater resource protection. However, development resulting from the proposed land use amendment will be reviewed during the site plan review and permitting process for compliance with the land development regulations that have been established to protect groundwater resources. Such regulations address issues such as drainage systems, septic systems, and landscape/irrigation regulations.

Infrastructure Element – Aquifer Recharge Sub-Element (IE-AR)

- Policy 1.2.3 The City shall continue to coordinate with the SJRWMD and utilize the best available resources and information including the latest update of the Floridian Aquifer Recharge GIS grid coverage to protect the functions of the natural groundwater aquifer recharge areas and to discourage urban sprawl.
- Policy 1.2.7 Within two years of establishment by the SJRWMD and the Water Resources Management Plan of prime recharge areas for the Floridan Aquifer, the Planning and Development Department shall prepare maps of such designated areas showing the special zoning and land use consideration the City has established for such areas as designated by the latest update of the Floridan Aquifer Recharge GIS grid coverage.

Flood Zone

The subject site is located within the AO flood zone. Flood zone designations are assigned by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). FEMA defines the various flooding characteristics of different lands based on a 100-year storm. The 100-year storm or Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) refers to a flood occurring from a storm event that happens an average of every 100 years. This does not mean that a storm of this type will happen every 100-years. There is a 1-percent chance that a storm of this magnitude will occur in any given year.

The AO flood zone is defined as areas of relatively shallow flooding within the 100-year floodplain or SFHA. Flood insurance is mandatory within the AO flood zone. Any development within the floodplain will be required to comply with Chapter 652, the Floodplain Management Ordinance.

Conservation /Coastal Management Element (CCME)

- Policy 2.6.1 The City shall continue to define the surface hydrology of the area to determine flood plain vulnerability and sensitivity, and will determine appropriate protection measures.
- Policy 2.6.3 The City shall protect appropriate floodplain areas for the public benefit and restore degraded floodplain areas by:
 - A. Land acquisition or conservation easement acquisition;
 - B. Regulation, including setbacks, buffer zones, designated wildlife corridors, low density zoning, performance standards and open space requirements; and
 - C. Incentives, including tax benefits and transfer of development rights.
- Policy 13.7.10 The City has adopted and shall maintain a floodplain management ordinance that establishes engineering requirements to safeguard the public health, safety, and general welfare and minimizes public and private losses due to flooding through regulation and development of flood hazard areas. The ordinance shall include development and redevelopment regulations that:
 - A. Minimize unnecessary disruption of commerce, access and public service during times of flooding;
 - B. Require the use of construction practices that will prevent or minimize future flood damage;
 - C. Manage filling, grading, dredging, mining, paving, excavation, drilling operations, storage of equipment or materials, and other development which may increase flood damage or erosion potential;
 - D. Manage the alteration of flood hazard areas, watercourses, and shorelines to minimize the impact of development on the natural and beneficial functions of the floodplain;
 - E. Minimize damage to public and private facilities and utilities;
 - F. Help maintain a stable tax base by providing for the sound use and development of flood hazard areas;
 - G. Minimize the need for future expenditure of public funds for flood control projects and response to and recovery from flood events; and
 - H. Meet the requirements of the National Flood Insurance Program for community participation as set forth in the Title 44 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 59.22.

Wetlands

Review of City data indicates the potential existence of wetlands on the subject site and as such, the location, size, quality and functional value of all wetlands located within the boundaries of the application site. Based on the information noted below, the proposed amendment is consistent with the Conservation/Coastal Management Element (CCME) wetlands policies.

Wetlands Characteristics:

Approximate Size:	0.10 of an acre
General Location(s):	The wetlands of an isolated wetland pocket located on the western property boundary and is a portion of a small, isolated wetland pocket. Portions of the wetland area have been recently logged. The wetland is the result of the surface land elevation close to the high water table of the soil.
Quality/Functional Value:	The wetland has a low functional value for water filtration attenuation and flood water storage capacity due to its isolation and size and has no clear or significant impact on the City's waterways.
Soil Types/ Characteristics:	(66) Surrency loamy fine sand, depressional – The Surrency series consists of nearly level, very poorly drained soils that occur in depressions. These soils formed in thick sandy and loamy marine sediments. The soils are moderately permeable moderately slowly permeable. Generally, the high water table is at or above the surface.
Wetland Category:	Category III
Consistency of Permitted Uses:	Category III Wetlands: Uses permitted subject to the limitations of CCME Policy 4.1.6 shown below – conservation uses permitted.
Environmental Resource Permit (ERP):	Not provided by the applicant and none exists according to the St. Johns River Water Management District web site.
Wetlands Impact:	None anticipated at this time.
Associated Impacts:	AO Flood Zone.
Relevant Policies:	CCME Policies 4.1.3 and 4.1.6

CCME Policy 4.1.3

The following performance standards shall apply to all development, except public utilities and roadways, permitted within Category I, II, and III wetlands:

(a) Encroachment

Encroachment in Category I, II, or III wetlands is the least damaging and no practicable on-site alternative exists; and

(b) No net loss

Development is designed and located in such a manner that there is no net loss to the wetland functions including but not limited to:

i the habitat of fish, wildlife and threatened or endangered species,

ii the abundance and diversity of fish, wildlife and threatened or endangered species,

iii the food sources of fish and wildlife including those which are threatened or endangered,

- iv the water quality of the wetland, and
- v the flood storage and flood conveyance capabilities of the wetland; and
- (c) Floodplain protection

Buildings are built at an elevation of sufficient height to meet the designated flood zone standards as set forth by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The design must be in conformance with Chapter 652 (Floodplain Regulations) of the Ordinance Code; and

(d) Stormwater quality

In the design and review of developments which will discharge stormwater into the Category I, II, or III wetlands the following performance standards shall be used to protect water quality:

- i Issuance of a Management and Storage of Surface Waters permit pursuant to Chapter 40C-4 or 40C-40, F.A.C. or a stormwater permit issued pursuant to Chapter 40C-42, F.A.C., provides assurances necessary for compliance with subsections (i) - (iv) above provided the stormwater management system is constructed in accordance with the permit; and
- ii Regular monitoring and maintenance program on an annual basis for the performance of stormwater treatment systems
- (e) Septic tanks

Septic tanks, drainfields and/or greywater systems are located outside the Category I, II, or III wetland area and not within 75 feet of the mean high water line of tidal bodies or within 75 feet of any wetland unless the Duval

County Health Department grants a variance for a hardship case pursuant to the provisions of Section 381.0065, F.S. Where public utilities are available, development is required to connect to these facilities; and

(f) Hydrology The design of the fill shall include measures to maintain the wetlands hydrology of the site.

CCME Policy 4.1.6

The permitted uses within Category III wetlands shall be limited to the following land uses and associated standards, provided such use is consistent with the Future Land Use Map series (FLUMs)

- (1) Any use not otherwise listed below, provided all of the basic requirements outlined in Policy 4.1.3 above are met:
 - (a) Silvicultural uses, provided the following standards are met:

Best Management Practices: Silviculture

Such activities are conducted in compliance with the provisions of the "Silvicultural Best Management Practices Manual", as may be amended, published by the Florida Division of Forestry, Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(b) Agricultural uses, provided the following standards are met:

Best Management Practices: Agriculture

Such activities are to be in compliance with Chapter 40C-44, F.A.C.

(2) Any use that can be shown to be clearly in the public interest, subject to the requirements of (a), (b), (d) and (f) as noted in the performance standards outlined in Policy 4.1.3 above.

PROCEDURAL COMPLIANCE

Upon site inspection by the Planning and Development Department on November 20, 2023, the required notices of public hearing signs were posted. Fifteen (15) notices were mailed out to adjoining property owners informing them of the proposed land use change and pertinent public hearing and meeting dates.

The Citizen Information Meeting was held on November 20, 2023. No members of the public attended to speak on the proposed amendment.

CONSISTENCY EVALUATION

Consistency with 2045 Comprehensive Plan Goals, Objectives and Policies

Future Land Use Element (FLUE)

Development Area

Rural Area (RA): The RA consists of all lands outside of the SA and corresponds with predominantly undeveloped portions of the City with land uses such as Agriculture, Recreation, Conservation, or Public Buildings Facilities. Development should occur at very low densities which create little demand for new infrastructure and community serving supporting uses, unless development occurs under the Multi-Use Category, as a Rural Village or as a Master Planned Community as defined in this element. Development may occur within the Rural Area provided that it is consistent with the Operational Provisions and the Land Use category descriptions. Otherwise, development beyond such boundaries is considered urban sprawl and is to be discouraged.

- Goal 1 To ensure that the character and location of land uses optimize the combined potentials for economic benefit, enjoyment, wellness and protection of natural resources, while minimizing the threat to health, safety and welfare posed by hazards, nuisances, incompatible land uses and environmental degradation.
- Policy 1.1.21 Rezonings and amendments to the Future Land Use Map series (FLUMs) shall include consideration of their potential to further the goal of meeting or exceeding the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth and the projected population and to allow for the operation of real estate markets to provide adequate choices for permanent and seasonal residents and business with the intent that this balance of uses shall:

A. Foster vibrant, viable communities and economic development opportunities;

B. Address outdated development patterns; and/or

C. Provide sufficient land for future uses that allow for the operation of real estate markets to provide adequate choices for permanent and seasonal residents and businesses and is not limited solely by the projected population.

The projected growth needs and population projections must be based on relevant and appropriate data which is collected pursuant to a professionally acceptable methodology. In considering the growth needs and the allocation of land, the City shall also evaluate land use need based on the characteristics and land development pattern of localized areas. Land use need identifiers include but may not be limited to, proximity to compatible uses, development scale, site limitations, and the likelihood of furthering growth management and mobility goals.

- Policy 1.1.22 Future development orders, development permits and plan amendments shall maintain compact and compatible land use patterns, maintain an increasingly efficient urban service delivery system and discourage urban sprawl as described in the Development Areas and the Plan Category Descriptions of the Operative Provisions.
- Objective 1.6 The City shall accommodate growth in Jacksonville by encouraging and facilitating new infill development and redevelopment on vacant, bypassed and underutilized land within areas that already have infrastructure, utilities, and public facilities, while addressing the needs of City residents.
- Goal 3 To achieve a well-balanced and organized combination of residential, non-residential, recreational and public uses served by a convenient and efficient transportation network, while protecting and preserving the fabric and character of the City's neighborhoods and enhancing the viability of non-residential areas.
- Objective 3.2 Promote and sustain the viability of existing and emerging commercial and industrial areas in order to achieve an integrated land use fabric which will offer a full range of employment, shopping, and leisure opportunities to support the City's residential areas.
- Policy 3.2.1 The city shall encourage development of commercial and light/service industrial uses in the form of nodes, corridor development, centers, or parks.

Property Rights Element (PRE)

- Goal 1 The City will recognize and respect judicially acknowledged and constitutionally protected private property rights in accordance with the Community Planning Act established in Chapter 163, Florida Statues.
- Objective 1.1 Local decision making shall be implemented and applied with sensitivity for private property rights and shall not be unduly restrictive.
- Policy 1.1.1 The City will ensure that private property rights are considered in local decision making.

Policy 1.1.2 The following rights shall be considered in local decision making:

- 1. The right of a property owner to physically possess and control his or her interests in the property, including easements, leases, or mineral rights.
- 2. The right of a property owner to use, maintain, develop, and improve his or her property for personal use or for the use of any other person, subject to state law and local ordinances.
- 3. The right of the property owner to privacy and to exclude others from the property to protect the owner's possessions and property.
- 4. The right of a property owner to dispose of his or her property through sale or gift.

According to the Future Land Use Element (FLUE), Agriculture (AGR) is intended to provide for agricultural uses and to preserve the existing rural character of outlying areas of the City. Most AGR lands are located in the Rural Area of the City where full urban services and facilities will not be provided by the City during the planning time frame. Accordingly, the principal activities allowed in these categories are agriculture and related uses, such as farming, horticulture, forestry and logging, storage, processing and wholesale distribution of farm supplies and products, and other resource dependent uses. In order to preserve the rural character of these areas, residential uses are permitted at very low densities.

Community/General Commercial (CGC) is a category intended to provide for a wide variety of retail goods and services which serve large areas of the City and a diverse set of neighborhoods. Uses should generally be developed in nodal and corridor development patterns. Nodes are generally located at major roadway intersections and corridor development should provide continuity between the nodes and serve adjacent neighborhoods to reduce the number of Vehicle Miles Traveled. CGC also allows for multi-family residential at densities up to 15 units per acre in the Rural Area. Single-use multi-family development is permitted when 50 percent or more of the contiguous CGC category land area within up to one quarter of a mile radius is developed for non-residential uses. Multi-family developments that do not comply with the single-use provisions shall provide a mix of uses within the development site and multi-family uses shall not exceed 80 percent of a development.

The applicant is proposing a change from AGR to CGC to allow for commercial development for a site that is in the Rural Development Area and that abuts a collector road. The AGR zoned property to the east of the site is undeveloped. The parcels to the south of the site form a nodal CGC land use area at the intersection of Yellow Water Road and Normandy Boulevard. The proposed amendment would allow for an extension of the existing commercial uses south of the site, while still providing adequate protections to the nearby residential neighborhoods. Therefore, the amendment is consistent with FLUE Goals 1 and 3, and Policies 1.1.21, 1.1.22, Objective 3.2 and Policy 3.2.2.

The applicant has provided a JEA Availability Letter, dated November 10, 2023, as part of the companion rezoning application. According to the letter, there is an existing 20-inch

water main within the Normandy Boulevard Right of Way, and an 8-inch sewer main at the intersection of Normandy Boulevard and Yellow Water Road. The letter also lists special conditions for connection to sewer service, including the design and construction of an onsite, privately owned and maintained pump station and a dedicated JEA force main. The rural development area does not require JEA water and sewer service for CGC amendments; however, the proposed amendment is consistent with FLUE policy 1.2.8.

The proposed small-scale amendment would increase the amount of commercially designated land available to further meet the goal of meeting or exceeding the amount of land required to accommodate anticipated growth. Additionally, the property is underutilized land in the Rural Development Area which has access to centralized water and sewer services. Development of this site is considered infill development. Thus, the proposed amendment is consistent with FLUE Objective 1.6 and Policy 1.1.21.

The proposed amendment does not hinder the private property rights of the owner of record; has no impact on the right of the property owner to possess or control his or her interest in the property; maintains the owner's ability to use, maintain, develop and improve the property; protects the owner's right to privacy and security; and maintains the ability of the property owner to dispose of the property at their discretion. Therefore, the amendment is consistent with PRE Goal 1, Objective 1.1 and Policies 1.1.1 and 1.1.2.

Vision Plan

The application site lies within the Southwest Vision Plan. The plan does not identify specific recommendations for the subject site. However, Theme 3 of the plan states "Focus on creating centers." The proposed amendment would contribute to the development of a commercial center at the intersection of Yellow Water Road and Normandy Boulevard, an existing commercial corridor, while the location of the site also offers natural buffers to protect the surrounding neighborhoods.

Strategic Regional Policy Plan

The proposed amendment is consistent with the following Objective and Policy of the Strategic Regional Policy Plan, Regional Transportation Subject Area:

Objective: Integrated planning: The link between land use, resources, and mobility

- Policy 4: The Region supports strategies identified by the Regional Community Institute as they worked on First Coast Vision, including:
 - Maintenance of a diversity of land use in the Region.
 - Infill and redevelopment.

The proposed land use amendment would increase opportunities for commercial development, helping to maintain a diversity of land use in the area. Therefore, the proposed amendment is consistent with the Strategic Regional Policy Plan.

LAND USE AMENDMENT FIELD / LOCATION / CURRENT LAND USE MAP





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